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ALLIED FLEETS HAVE BATTERED THEIR WAY NEARER THEIR GOA

More Turkish Forts Have Been Silenced, But Ships Have Been Damaged.

RESISTANCE IS TERRIFIC

Battle of the Dardanelles Unlike Anything in History, Say Naval Experts.

Excitement in Greece Over the Resignation of Cabinet.

London, March 8. — The British and French fleets have battered their way a step nearer to Constantinople, not, however, without damage to the ships engaged, and the battle for the Dardanelles continues.

More Turkish forts on the Asiatic side have been silenced, according to a statement by the British admiralty, but the Turks are making a terrific resistance and shells from their German-made guns have found more than one mark on the besieging craft.

This struggle for the gateway of the Ottoman capital is the big feature of the war news, and closely linked with it is the sustained excitement in Greece, incident to the resignation of the cabinet of M. Venizelos, who, deeming the entry of Greece into the hostilities on the side of the Triple Entente unwise, could not agree with his king, and resigned.

M. Zaimis has been entrusted with the difficult task of selecting a new cabinet, the complexion of which had not even been tentatively announced tonight.

From the number of ships engaged and the size and range of the guns, the battle of the Dardanelles is unlike anything in history, according to naval experts.

Remarkable Achievement.

At 21,000 yards the huge battleship Queen Elizabeth, of the British squadron, assisted by smaller ships, still is hurling shells across the Gallipoli peninsula into the Turkish strongholds on the Asiatic shore. The admiralty statement carries the operations through Sunday and admits that the Turks not only scored three minor hits on the Queen Elizabeth, but that most of the ships inside the straits, both French and British were struck. None was sunk and there were no casualties. The Turkish forts Rumili Medjidie Tabia and Hamidieh, fringing the Asiatic shore line, were silenced as was the Mount Dardanus battery farther south. The Turkish casualties are not known.

A Turkish statement from Constantinople issued prior to the admiralty statement tonight, insisted that the fighting in the Dardanelles was developing in favor of the Turks. It was stated that no batteries were being destroyed and that the hostile ships were forced to retreat.

Aeroplanes, taking wing from the decks of the besieging craft, are playing a notable part in the operations. One British machine became unmanageable and dove into the sea and another was hit by the Turks 28 times.

Comparative calm seemed to prevail on the Western front and in Poland.

An air raid by British flyers on the German submarine base at Ostend, Belgium, was announced by the admiralty tonight. Six machines participated and returned safely. What damage they inflicted is not known.

One of the most picturesque bits of the day's news is a report from Bucharest, Rumania, that former Sultan Abdul Hamid, of Turkey, has regained his freedom and is gathering his friends and supporters around him. It is asserted that he may seek to play an important part in his country's affairs.

More progress by the British fleet before Smyrna by which Turkish batteries were silenced, is announced in an admiralty statement. Another official statement says that the Turks' loss in the land fighting at the head of the Persian Gulf is 50 per cent larger than previously reported.

BRITISH ADMIRALTY REVIEW

Statement Concerning Operations of Allied Fleet Against the Dardanelles.

London, March 8.—The British admiralty tonight made public the following statement concerning the operations of the allied fleet against the Dardanelles:

"The operations against the Dardanelles are progressing in fine weather. Vice Admiral Sackville H. Carden reports that on the 6th of March the battleship Queen Elizabeth, supported by the battleships Agamemnon and Ocean, began an attack on Forts

(Continued on Page Two.)

AGREEMENT ON TH... PRIMARY REAC...

Its Friends Pronounce Measure a Good "Working" Law.

WILL ADJOURN TODAY

Weaver Insurance Bill Becomes Law —A Remarkable Bill Tabled—Pegram State Treasury Bill Passed.

Raleigh, N. C., March 8. — The General Assembly of North Carolina tonight adopted a bill providing for the submission of four constitutional amendments at the next general election. These provide, first, for the restriction of local and private legislation by the General Assembly; second, for the elimination of special charters to corporations by the same body; third, for restrictions in granting charters to cities, towns and incorporated villages; fourth, for the election of emergency judges.

These amendments were defeated at the last general election, when ten amendments to the constitution were defeated.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 8.—The conference committee agreement on the difference between Senate and House on the State-wide primary bill was adopted by both houses tonight and the bill ordered enrolled for ratification tomorrow. The basis of agreement is that exceptions as to about fifty counties for county officers and representatives are retained with provision that any of these counties can come under the law as to county officers by vote petitioned for by one-fifth of the electorate, and the amendment is retained providing that names of candidates shall alternate as to their place on the ticket so as to avoid advantage to any candidate as over any other candidates for the same office.

The "oath feature" of the original bill remains out, through house amendment to that effect. The bill calls for primaries for all parties on the second Tuesday in June of each election year. The act as ready for ratification is pronounced by friends of primary legislation a good working State-wide primary law.

Both branches of the Legislature had after midnight "new day" sessions to pass some belated roll call bills and then recessed to 10 o'clock Tuesday when the work of the session will be rounded up and final adjournment sine die taken.

The Weaver bill from the Senate to amend the insurance laws of the State so as to empower the Commissioner of Insurance to hear complaints as to excessive fire insurance rates, pass on reasonableness and make public record of finding, passed the House this evening.

A remarkable bill tabled was one to create a board of examiners composed of lawyers to examine and license lawyers instead of the present system of the examination and licensing by the Supreme court.

The passage of the Weaver insurance bill rounds up the insurance legislation of the session and marks the length the Legislature would go toward regulation of rates of fire insurance by the legislative investigating committee from the last Legislature.

An amusing incident in connection with the final passage of the Weaver bill in the House this evening was that when it was read by title Representative Page stated to the House that it was the investigation commission bill with the 11 sections, or the Kansas law, for regulation of rates cut out. It does provide the much modified substitute for the 11 sections. It also prescribes that in future insurance companies must put up actual securities in bonds or cash instead of surety company bonds as in the past.

The Pegram bill to provide that the State provide the official bond for the State Treasurer and that the banks handling the State fund deposits must pay 3 per cent. on monthly balances passed its readings and reached enrollment for ratification. It also specifies that banks shall not charge the State for cashing or handling checks, drafts or other current paper in connection with the State accounts.

The House at 8 o'clock tonight resumed a steady grind of bills. One of the first passed was by Mintz, of Wayne, requiring that the names of the growers shall be stamped on all packages of berries and truck shipped in this State. Other bills passed included:

Prevent contagious and infectious diseases among live stock.

Regulate the sale of artificially colored flour.

Provide for the departmental printing.

Punish derogatory statements concerning banks.

Protect and promote the commerce of the port of Wilmington by providing that Southport have one instead of two of the port commissioners.

Amend the law as to formation of surety companies.

Provide for whole-time health officers.

Authorize seizure of vehicles in handling liquors liable to seizure and in blockading.

Amend the constitution to curtail local and private legislation. A roll call

(Continued on Page Two.)

WILL STOP COTTON FOR GERMAN PORTS

Conditions Laid Down as to Shipments to Neutrals.

DEPENDS ON THE DATES

Great Britain Gives Formal Notice of Treatment to Be Accorded American Cotton in Connection With "Blockade."

Washington, March 8.—Formal notice of the treatment to be accorded American cotton by Great Britain and her allies in the execution of their declared intention to stop all commerce to and from enemy countries was given today in a statement issued by the British embassy. All cargoes consigned directly to ports of an enemy will be stopped, but as to shipments to neutral countries the statement says the following arrangement had been made in London:

"1. All cotton for which contracts of sale and freight engagements already had been made before March 2 to be allowed free passage (or bought at contract price if stopped) provided ships sail not later than March 31.

"2. Similar treatment to be accorded to all cotton insured before March 2 provided it is put on board not later than March 16.

"3. All shipments of cotton claiming above protection to be declared before sailing and documents produced to and certificates obtained from consular officers or other authority fixed by governments. Ships or cargoes consigned to enemy ports will not be allowed to proceed."

At the embassy it was explained that this arrangement, announced in response to appeals by American shippers, anxious over the status of their cotton already on dock awaiting shipment or actually at sea bound for Europe, was temporary merely and would be superseded by the British Order in Council putting into effect the new general retaliation policy to be instituted against Germany.

Embassy officials construed the arrangement as a concession to neutral shippers, as Premier Asquith in announcing the new policy on March 1 merely said: "The treatment of vessels and cargoes which have sailed before this date will not be affected."

Today's statement was regarded here as important, particularly because of its apperent intimation of the extent to which the Allies intend to interrupt commerce between neutral countries in carrying out their determination to stop commercial intercourse with Germany.

It was suggested at the embassy that the restrictions on shipments generally would be the same as those imposed on cotton, and that besides holding up all ships bound directly for enemy countries, the allied warships would stop vessels loaded with products heretofore free from molestation as non-contraband if their cargoes were presumed to be ultimately destined for Germany, Austria or Turkey. Embargoes on re-exportation, it was said, would insure safe passage for such cargoes.

High officials of the American government had no formal comment to make upon the statement, although some said informally they did not know just what it meant. The United States holds to the declaration of its right to ship non-contraband to belligerents and to have uninterrupted legitimate commercial intercourse with neutrals.

Shippers Left in Doubt.

Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, and some Charleston merchants who, as representatives of the cotton shippers, consulted with the British ambassador and Mr. Rose, the State Department's trade expert, today were somewhat in doubt as to just what concession they had secured in answer to their appeal, but went away satisfied that the cotton they had afloat or under contract to ship this month, at least, would be safe. Furthermore, they gathered the British opinion that satisfactory arrangements would be made for a continuance indefinitely without undue interference of the cotton trade with the neutral countries of Europe.

State Department officials let it be known that arrangement announced today was made directly between the American private cotton shipping interests and the British government and that the department was not a party to it.

ORDER-IN-COUNCIL AWAITED.

Will Prescribe Methods of Making Reprisals on German Trade.

London, March 8.—Although the Order-in-Council, prescribing methods of making reprisals on German trade is still promised soon, no date has been given. The foreign office emphasizes the declaration that it will not be inflexible so far as affects neutrals, but will permit negotiations in specific cases. As proof of this the special concessions granted cotton shippers is cited.

American Ambassador Page is without advices regarding the United States steamer Pacific, which sailed for Rotterdam from Falmouth last Friday, after having been detained for several days. The foreign office also is without information as to why she was stopped.

Pensacola, Fla., March 8.—A mistrial in the cases against W. H. Knowles, former president and other officials of the suspended First National Bank of Pensacola charged with misuse of the bank's funds, was ordered today by Federal Judge Call, after Jackson Sheppard, a negro juror, had been adjudged insane. Sheppard was stricken last night. It will be necessary to empanel a new jury.

London, March 8.—The admiralty announces that the British collier Pengrave was sung Sunday probably by a torpedo, off Ilfracombe, ten miles northwest of Barnstable county, Devon, England.

PROFIT MUST COME FROM ALL TRAFFIC

Railroads Not to be Made to "Rob Peter to Pay Paul"

SAYS SUPREME COURT

Acts of Several States Annulled by Decision Handed Down, Including West Virginia Two-Cent Passenger Fares Act.

Washington, March 8.—The Supreme Court today laid down the principle that it is beyond the power of the states to require a railroad to carry one commodity or class of traffic with a loss or only nominal profit, even though adequate profit is obtained from its business as a whole within the state.

Under that principle, the court annulled the West Virginia two-cent passenger rate law, as to the Norfolk & Western and the North Dakota lignite coal rate law, as to the Northern Pacific and the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie railroads. Justice Hughes announced the decisions. Justice Pitney dissented.

The court held that when a state selects one commodity or class of traffic for regulation it must apportion to it a proper part of all general expenses and then allow substantial compensation.

"The state cannot estimate the cost of carrying coal," said Justice Hughes in the North Dakota case, "by throwing the expense incident to the maintenance of the road bed and the general expenses upon the carriage of wheat; or the cost of carrying wheat by throwing the burden of the upkeep of the property upon coal and other commodities."

In the West Virginia case, he said: "It would appear to be outside the field of reasonable adjustment that the state should demand the carriage of passengers at a rate so low that it could be justified only by placing upon shippers of goods a burden of excessive charges in order to supply an adequate return for the entire service."

Furthermore, the justice declared, such action could not be justified as a "declaration of public policy" to develop an infant industry or to make one community independent of another.

"While local interests serve as a motive for enforcing reasonable rates," he added, "it would be a very different matter to say that the state may compel the carrier to maintain a rate less than reasonable to build up a local enterprise.

"That would be to go outside the carrier's undertaking and would be equivalent to an appropriation of its property to public uses upon terms to which the carrier had in no way agreed. It does not aid the argument to urge that the state may permit the carrier to make good its loss charges for transportation. If other rates are exorbitant they may be reduced."

The court left undetermined the exact elements to be considered in fixing a value for railroad property for rate making purposes, accepting the findings of the states in each case as showing substantial compensation had not been allowed for the service embraced within their laws.

WAGE ARBITRATION HEARING.

"Ability of the Railroads to Pay" the Question Yesterday.

Chicago, March 8.—"Ability of the railroads to pay" occupied today's session of the board of arbitration in the Western railroads wage arbitration.

W. J. Lauck, a statistician employed by the engineers and firemen seeking higher wages of the railroads involved, analyzed reports of the roads since 1900 and drew the conclusion that abundant returns had been paid on investments, and saved for improvements, but still leaving a surplus from which wage advances might be paid without materially affecting returns to stockholders.

James H. Sheean, attorney for the railroad, questioned Mr. Lauck's figures, remarking that vital factors had been omitted from his calculations.

MATTER OF BERTHS.

Constitutionality of Wisconsin Statute Before Supreme Court.

Washington, March 8.—Constitutionality of the Wisconsin statute prohibiting sleeping car companies from making up an upper berth over an occupied lower berth unless the upper was engaged was argued today before the Supreme Court.

"I prefer to have the upper made up when I sleep in a lower," suggested Justice McReynolds.

"The law is based on the comfort and desires of the great mass of the traveling public and not upon individual cases," replied Assistant Attorney General Webb, of Wisconsin, who was defending the law.

CAN'T MAKE ENDS MEET.

According to Evidence Presented by Western Railroads Yesterday.

Chicago, March 8.—Today's hearing on the petition of 41 Western railroads for increased freight rates on some commodities was devoted to presentation of statistics purporting to show that because of increased operation costs and forced reductions in rates, they were unable to maintain the roads up to the standard demanded by the public and still pay adequate returns for investment.

New York, March 8.—Max C. Anderson, millionaire theatrical manager, died at his home here today of a complication of diseases.

PANAMA EXPOSITIONS NOW OPEN

San Francisco ——— San Diego

The Chesapeake & Ohio Railway offers very low rates. Many variable routes. For full information, write Jno. D. Potts, G. P. A., Richmond, Va. (ad'vt)

The "Clean Up and Paint Up" Twins

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, ALLOW ME TO INTRODUCE TO YOU THE "UP" TWINS MISS "CLEAN UP" AND MASTER "PAINT UP". THEY WILL MAKE OUR TOWN A BETTER —HOME TOWN— ALL JOIN IN THE CHORUS
CLEAN UP
PAINT UP
PAINT

WILMINGTON'S GUESTS OF HONOR ALL NEXT WEEK.

IMPROVEMENT IN MEXICAN AFFAIRS IS DEMANDED IN NOTE SENT GEN. CARRANZA

Unless Situation Grows Better Speedily, With Respect to Foreigners and Their Interests, He is Warned That Steps Will be Taken by United States to Obtain Protection for Them—Most Emphatic Yet—Battleships Ordered to Vera Cruz.

Washington, March 8.—General Carranza has been informed in a note from the United States government that unless there is improvement in conditions with respect to foreigners and their interests in Mexican territory under his control, such steps as may be necessary will be taken by the American government to obtain the desired protection.

The note is the strongest and most emphatic document that has been sent by the Washington government to Mexico since the correspondence with Huerta a year ago. Carranza is warned that the United States has viewed with deep concern the growing complaints made by foreigners generally against his administration of affairs and now, in effect, demands an early change.

The contents of the communication were revealed to several ambassadors and several ministers here who expressed satisfaction at its urgent language. Some regarded it as an entire change of the country's policy toward Mexico.

American Consul Silliman should have presented the note to Carranza today. A copy of it was sent to the Brazilian minister at Mexico City to be shown to General Obregon, the Carranza commander. In the meantime some movements of American warships have been ordered, the effect of which will be a naval demonstration that some officials hope will convince General Carranza of the determination of the American government to obtain a change in conditions in Mexico City.

After a conference tonight between President Wilson and Secretary of the Navy Daniels, it was learned on high authority that two or more battleships will be ordered from Guantanamo to Vera Cruz, probably tomorrow. The entire Atlantic fleet of 21 battleships is at Guantanamo within two and a half days sail of Vera Cruz.

Only one war vessel, the battleship Delaware, is at Vera Cruz, but, in addition to any battleships that may be sent from Guantanamo, five warships will be in that vicinity in a few days. The Delaware will remain there indefinitely; the cruiser Tacoma left Port au Prince, Haiti, today for Vera Cruz; the bungoat Petrel is en route from Mobile, Ala., and the cruiser Des Moines is bound from Progreso to Vera Cruz, while the gunboat Sacramento is at Tampico. Other available light draft vessels, more valuable than battleships in tropical waters, are the gunboats Wheeling and Nashville, held in readiness with the armored cruiser Washington in Haitien and Dominican waters.

Acute Crisis Reached.

That conditions again have reached an acute crisis was admitted at all the government departments.

Asked whether the United States intended to use physical force to obtain a compliance with its requests, Secretary Bryan today replied that "nothing had been decided on yet, beyond representations."

Latest reports from Mexico City indicate a menacing condition of affairs for the 25,000 foreigners there, of whom 2,500 are Americans.

The Carranza authorities have commandeered all medicines and medical supplies in the chief hospital and sent them to Vera Cruz. An appeal has been made to the United States to dispatch a hospital ship to Vera Cruz to send medical supplies to the capital and the Mexican Red Cross has sent an urgent petition for protection against the Carranza authorities. Typhus fever and smallpox have broken out in the capital as well as at Tampico.

In the face of threatened riots and the famine in Mexico City, the State Department today received a note sent to all diplomatic representatives in Mexico City announcing on the authority of General Carranza that the capital would be evacuated by the forces of General Obregon.

Secretary Bryan said that, while Carranza had invited the diplomatic corps to move to Vera Cruz, or to any other town under his jurisdiction, though stating that this would not be considered by him as an act of recognition, it is understood that the diplomatic corps feel that their departure from the city of Mexico would not be best for the foreign interests under their care.

Vigorous Protests Entered.

Te diplomatic corps entered a vigorous protest to Carranza against the proposed evacuation of Mexico City, declaring that some garrison should be left to preserve law and order.

According to the Carranza agency's advices from Vera Cruz, General Obregon intends to leave a garrison in the capital.

Asked whether foreigners actually were suffering, Secretary Bryan said that it was 'the fear of the future rather than the effect of the present that had caused the serious state of affairs and that this was due to things Obregon had proposed, such as the cutting off of all communication."

"The effects also of the language used by Obregon," said Mr. Bryan, "has been to emphasize the danger from mobs because of utterances calculated to stir up feeling against foreigners."

The Secretary declined to discuss the contents of the latest representations. From other sources, familiar with what the American government has said to Carranza, however, it was learned that the note, while not in the nature of an altimatum was virtually of the same effect.

There was clear indication in it that the United States had made repeated representations in vain with respect to Carranza's treatment of foreigners and that a point had been reached where it was necessary for the first chief to take into consideration the serious steps which the United States might feel compelled to take to obtain an improvement of affairs.

Carranza's decree and those of his subornidate generals have been a constant cause of embarrassment to foreign governments. The imprisonment of priests and the confiscation of property, the expulsion of the Belgian and Spanish ministers and the treatment of foreign consuls generally have been charged in official reports.

Cardinal Gibbons' Visit Significant.

The visit in this connection of Cardinal Gibbons to New Orleans to talk with Archbishop Moret, who has just been expelled by Carranza from Mexico, together with other priests, was regarded by diplomats here as of the utmost significance.

Many diplomatic representatives here cabled their governments that steps of a most important character had been taken by the United States which probably would cause Carranza to change his attitude toward foreigners. Some of the ambassadors said they thought the note sent by the United States to Carranza, clearly implied that the use of force might be the next development if there was not a favorable change in conditions.

Specifically the United States has been making separate representations to obtain the following things from Carranza:

Permission for the international relief committee, composed of wealth residents of Mexico City, to use the funds they have collected for supplies to succor the starving and destitute, and the placing at their disposal of transportation facilities to bring food into the capital.

The guarantee of a line of communication between Mexico City and Vera Cruz so that foreigners may have access to the sea and that communication

(Continued on Page Eight.)

DENUNCIATION OF REV. R. L. DAVIS PUT ON SENATE RECORD

Scathing Remarks of Republican Senator Jonas Endorsed by the Body.

MANY BILLS ARE PASSED

Busy Sessions of House and Senate Held—Senator Ward Apologizes to Senator Gilliam—Appropriation Bill Passed.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 8.—Senator C. A. Jonas, speaking for himself and the seven Republican senators, delivered a scathing denunciation of Superintendent R. L. Davis, of the State Anti-Saloon League, this afternoon that was voted by the Senate to be spread upon the journal as a permanent record. It was a personal privilege in reply to an article in the Sunday morning newspapers in which Davis recounted the Grier bill's having passed the House 103 to 7, been reported without prejudice by the Senate committee and defeated " by a solid vote of the seven Republicans and some Democratic friends of prohibition who voted for an amendment to submit the bill to the vote of the people. The Senate afterwards passed the amended bill 43 to 5."

This, Mr. Jonas said, is deliberately untrue and uttered with the deliberate intent of casting odium on himself and the other six Republicans and an attempt to make cheap political capital out of a great moral question. He reminded the superintendent that it was a Democratic Senate committee that reported the bill without prejudice instead of favorably as Davis wanted it to do and that it was 19 Democrats with the seven Republicans who voted for the reference to the people. "After declaring that the attack by Superintendent Davis can do harm only "where the facts and true character and methods of the author are not known," the statement continues.

"Mr. Davis does not inform the public that his presence on this floor had become so obnoxious to senators that he was removed from the bar of the Senate by a motion made and adopted. He slanders the House and conference committee by intimating that he controlled both. If that be true he gave the people of the State the privilege of using legally a million and a half gallons of beer annually for beverage purposes rather than allow them to have prohibition if they want it. The liquor dealers surely must be satisfied with his work.

"Yet I do not reply to him in kind and say he is not a prohibitionist. I know he is one of at least $390.81 worth. But I do say that his attack is not endorsed by the prohibitionists of the State, of whom I am one. Seven Republicans out of 50 senators and those seven all voted for the bill, yet they defeated it, says Mr. Davis and he calls himself the 'voice of God.'"

Bills Passed by Senate.

In the Senate this afternoon, the appropriation bill was put through its readings after an amendment to increase the appropriation to the Agricultural and Technical College, Greensboro, by $2,000.

On motion of Senator McMichael the salary of the Commissioner of Labor and Printing was increased from $2,400 to $3,000.

Other bills passed included:

Make the party primarily liable a defendant in torts.

Enlarge the powers of the Beaufort county board of education.

Regulate pawnbrokers.

Re-run and re-mark the State line along Brunswick county.

Amend the Pitt county road law.

Improve roads in Duplin.

Change the boundaries of Goldsboro.

Amend the charter of Hoffman.

Provide election in Duplin on special road tax.

Road tax in Columbus county.

Provide county home in Beaufort.

Incorporate Currituck and Dare Railroad Company.

Amend Revisal so as to allow married women to give evidence against husbands in cases of slander.

Increase of clerks in the Department of Education.

Provide treatment for indigent tubercular persons.

Amend the law as to appointing trustees in cases of assignment.

Allow directors of Confederate Women's Home actual expenses.

Inquire as to whether various State schools should not collect more tuition.

Amend the law as to protection of liability contracts.

Exempt printers, linotype operators and millers from jury duty.

Bills were tabled to extend jurisdiction of magistrates to $200 and to provide for expert witnesses to be summoned by the court.

Bills Passed by House.

During the afternoon session of the House bills passed including:

Allow carnivals and shows at Morehead City.

Indemnify the estates of deceased partners.

Amend the law to prevent infantile blindness.

Authorize a deed for the site of the Sir Walter Raleigh monument in Nash Square.

Amend the law as to the protection of the oyster industry.

Amend the law as to profane language on public roads in Brunswick and Stanly counties.

Increase the punishment for burglary committed with the use of explosives, making minimum 25 years' imprisonment.

Require gas and electric companies

(Continued on Page Eight.)

ENTIRE DAY TAKEN TO COMPLETE JURY

Taking of Testimony in Thaw Case Will Begin Today.

IS FIGHT FOR FREEDOM

It is Clear That is to Be the End Sought by His Attorneys—State's Contention is Outlined—Thaw's Programme Also.

New York, March 8.—In the room where he twice faced a jury for the murder of Stanford White, Harry Kendall Thaw today went on trial for conspiring to escape from the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Matteawan. With him as co-defendants were five men, who, the state charges, were parties to the alleged conspiracy. The entire day was required to complete the jury. Taking of testimony will begin tomorrow.

From the outset it was evident the trial would be another fight for Thaw's freedom. The defendant's attorneys plainly initmated that they would seek to offer evidence designed to prove their client was sane when he escaped from asylum.

Such being the case they said in examining talesmen the defendant was being detained illegally at the time of his flight. They asked prospective jurors whether they would be prejudiced against a man of sound mind, who used any means at his command to escape from a hospital for the insane. These statements were amplified later by John B. Stanchfield, Thaw's chief counsel, who said that should the jury find his client not guilty, he immediately would sue out a writ of habeas corpus on the ground that "his detention was illegal because the jury would have established his sanity."

The state's contention, as outlined, while an assistant district attorney was questioning talesmen, is that Thaw, although insane at the time of his escape, nevertheless was competent to enter into a conspiracy and that, therefore, he should be punished accordingly.

Deputy Attorney General Kenendy in charge of the prosecution said that if Thaw were found guilty he would be returned immediately to Matteawan. The first witness, Mr. Kennedy said, would be William Penny clerk of the criminal branch of the Supreme court, where the trial is in progress who will be asked to identify the court record of Thaw's second trial for murder and the commitment papers on which he was sent to the asylum in 1908.

In obtaining the jury each side used only three of its five peremptory challenges. Thaw now and the nassisted in selecting the jurymen. His co-defendants, however, rarely offered any suggestions. These co-edefendants are Richard J. Butler, formerly state assemblyman; Roger Thompson, alleged to have been the driver of the machine in which Thaw fled, Michael O'Keefe, Eugene Duffy and Thomas Flood.

When the adjournment was taken upon the completion of the jury, Thaw wasescorted to the sheriff's office on the floor above the court room. There he greeted his white-haired mother, who, with Mrs. George Carnegie, his sister, and Josiah Thaw, his half-brother, were in court all day. Thaw kissed his mother and then the two opposite each other and held a brief whispered conference. That over, Thaw stepped into a corridor and posed for newspaper photographers. Before he crossed the Bridge of of Sighs on his way back to his cell in the tombs, he said he was satisfied with the jury.

Thaw appeared to have taken on considerable weight since his return from New Hampshire. His face was ruddy and he seemed in good physical condition.

ALLIED FLEETS HAVE BATTERED THEIR WAY NEARER THEIR GOAL

(Continued from Page One.)

Hemidieh-I-Tabia and Hamidith 3, which are marked on the admiralty maps as Forts U and V, by indirect fire across the Gallipoli peninsula firing at 21,000 yards. These forts are armed as follows:

"Fort U, two 13-inch guns and seven 9.4 guns; Fort V, two 14-inch, one 9.4, one 8.2, and four 4.9 inch guns.

"The Queen Elizabeth was replied to by Howitzers and field guns and three shells from the field guns struck her, without, however, causing any damage.

"Meanwhile, inside the straits, the Vengeance, Albion, Majestic and Prince George and the French battleship Suffren fired on Souain Dere and Mount Dardanu mbatteries, marked F and E, on the admiralty map, and were fired on by a number of concealed guns.

"Fort Rumili, Medjdieh Tabia, marked J., on the admiralty map, which had been attacked on the previous day, opened fire and was engaged and hit by 12-inch shells.

"Most of the ships in the straits were struck by shells, but there was no serious damage done and no casualties resulted.

"On the 7th of March, the weather continuing calm and fine, four French battleships—the Gaulois, Charlemagne, Bouvet and Suffrend—entered the straits to cover the direct bombardment of the defenses of the narrows by the Agamemnon and Lord Nelson. The French ships engaged the Mount Dardanus battery and various concealed guns, silencing the former. The Agamemnon and Lord Nelson then advanced and engaged the forts at the narrows, at from 14,000 down to 12,000 yards by direct fire.

"Forts Rumili, Medjdieh, Tabia (marked J.) and Hamidieh I. Tabia (marked U) both were silenced after a heavy bombardment. Explosions occurred in both forts. Fort L has not fired since the explosion on the 5th.

"The Gaulois," Agamemnon and Lord Nelson, were each struck three times, but the damage was not serious. Three men on the Lord Nelson were slightly wounded.

"While these operations ere in progress, the British light cruiser Dublin continued to watch the Bulair isthmus. She was fired at with 4-inch guns and struck three or four times.

"Owing to the importance of locating concealed guns, the seaplanes had to fly very low at times.

"On the 4th instant a seaplane, Pilot Flight lieutenant Garnet, and Observer Lieutenant Commader Williamson, became unstable and fell into the sea. Both officers were injured. Flight Lieutenant Douglas, reconnoitering at close quarters in another seaplane was wounded, but returned safely.

"On the fifth seaplane No. 727 pilot Flight Lieut. Bromet with Lieut. Brown was hit 28 times and seaplane No. 7 pilot Flight Lieut. Hershaw, with petty officer Merchant, was struck eight times, in locating concealed positions.

"The Ark Royal, the mother ship for seaplanes is equipped with every appliance necessary for the repair and maintenance of the numerous air craft which she carries."

ADVANCES TO SMALL ALLIES

Details of Funds to Be Loaned by Great Britain and France.

Paris, March 8.—The Temps today details advances already made or which are to be made by France, Great Britain and Russia to small allied countries, as agreed on by the finance ministers of the three powers at the recent conference in Paris.

The total advances for the present, according to the newspapers are to be $270,000,000, which amount is to be borne equally by the three powers. These powers already have advanced to Belgium $50,000,000 to Servia $37,000,000, to Greece $4,000,000 and to Montenegro $100,000. There remains to be advanced $178,900,000 which will be divided between Servia and Belgium.

France, the Temps says, will take care of Russia's share for the present by placing sums against grain to be bought in Russia for French account.

FRENCH OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Nothing of Importance to Report in Champagne Country.

Paris, (via London), March 8.—The war office gave out the following statement:

"There is nothing of importance in the Champagne section to add to yesterday's communication. Progress reported at different points is enhanced. At the end of the day we captured trenches to the northwest of Souain. The captured trenches between Perthes and Beausejour represent 400 to 500 metres. We captured a number of prisoners, including officers.

"In the region of the heights of the Meuse our heavy artillery, according to prisoners, seriously damaged a 42 centimetre gun recently placed in position by the Germans. This gun had to be dismantled and sent to the rear for repairs. Four of the gun crew were killed and seven wounded.

"In Louraine we progressed northwest of Badonviller.

"In the Vosges, at Reich, Ackerkopf, the Germans made a violent counter-attack lat Sunday afternoon. For the moment they were able to gain a footing on the ridge, but after a furious hand-to-hand fight our rifle men drove them back and finally remained masters of Reich Ackerkopf. The losses sustained by the enemy was extremely heavy.

"In Upper Alsace southward of the railway station at Burnkaupt an attack attempted against our advanced positions was dispersed by the fire of our infantry."

GERMAN OFFICIAL REPORT

Says Aviators of the Enemy Have Dropped Bombs on Ostend—Review.

Berlin, March 8 (via London).—The German war office today gave out this report:

"In the Western arena: Aviators of the enemy have dropped bombs on Ostend.

"The fighting in the Champagne district continued last night. At Souain the enemy was repulsed, after a hand-to-hand engagement. Hostilities were again resumed during the night.

"In the district to the East of Le-Misl the enemy attacked in the afternoon but this movement failed completely. Our night counter-attack was successful, forty French men were captured.

"We repulsed attacks in the forest of LePretre to the Northwest of Pont-A-Mousson.

"In the Vosges, in the district west of Munster and north of Sennheim the fighting is still going on.

"In the Eastern arena: To the south of Augustowo, Russian attacks failed with heavy losses to the enemy. The fighting has been resumed in the vicinity of Lomsea.

"To the west of Przasnysz and east of Plock the Russians have made several unsuccessful assaults upon our lines. Furthermore, German troops have repulsed two Russian night attacks at Rawa. Russian advances from the vicinity of Nowomiesto have not been successful. In the subsequent fighting we took 1,500 prisoners."

SNOW STORMS INTERFERING

With Operations in the Champagne Country, Says French Report.

Paris, via London, March 8. — The following official communication was issued by the French war office tonight:

"In Champagne, snow storms have interfered with our operations. This morning the enemy tried to retake a wood captured Sunday west of Perthes. He was repulsed, and our counter offensive enabled us to gain ground to the north and east and to take some prisoners. The advance continued and increased during the afternoon. In the region of Perthes we won more than 1,600 feet of trenches.

"Between LeMesnil and Beausejour, we lost some trenches we had taken yesterday, but gained about 300 feet on the ridge north of Mesnil.

"In the region of St. Mihiel and in the Bois of Brule (forest of Apremont) we gained a footing in a German trench and captured therein a great quantity of materials.

"Northwest of Pont-a-Mousson, the Germans attempteed to deliver an attack, which ,however, broke down.

"In Alsace, at Reich-Ackerkopf, we repulsed a counter attack."

AUSTRIAN VICTORY REPORTED.

Many Russians Captured, With Other Successes, in Carpathians.

Washington, March 8.—An Austrian victory in the heights of the Carpathians, repulse of repeated Russian attacks in the Lupkow and the capture of several advance points in Russian Poland and West Galicia, resulting in the capture of some 2,300 Russian prisoners, were announced in Vienna foreign office dispatches to the Austro-Hungarian embassy here today.

ZEPPELIN DESTROYED.

Was Forced to Make a Descent in Belgium—News Confirmed.

Amsterdam, via London, March 8.—The Telegraaf's Tirlemont, Belgium, correspondent confirms the report of the destruction there last Thursday of the Zeppelin L-8, which was forced to make a hurried descent owing to a derangement of its motors.

The correspondent says the airship collided with trees and smashed its cars and that 17 of its crew of 41 men were killed.

NO HONORS TO BE EXTENDED

Crews of German Submarines Captured to be Treated Differently.

London, March 8.—The admiralty announces that it is not justified in extending honors to the captured crews of German submarine boats owing to the methods and that it is intended to segregate them under special restrictions pending their possible conviction at the end of the war.

The admiralty states that this ruling applies to the 29 officers and men of German submarine U 8, sunk recently off Dover.

AIR ATTACK ON OSTEND

Carried Out by Six Aeroplanes of the British Air Wing.

London, March 8.—The admiralty tonight issued the following statement:

"Wing Commander Longmore reports that an air attack on Ostend was carried out yesterday afternoon by six aerpolanes of the naval wing. Of these two had to return on account of Petrol freezing. The remainder reached Ostend dropped eseven bombs on the submarine repair base and four bombs on the Kursaal, the headquarters of the military.

"All the machines and pilots returned. It is probable that considerable damage was done. No submarines were seen in the basin. The attack was carried out in a fresh north-northeast wind."

1,500 VESSELS TAKEN OVER

By British Admiralty for Use as an Auxiliary Fleet.

Washington, March 8.—Some idea of the size of the auxiliary fleet Great Britain is using to move and sustain her armies in the field may be gained from American Consul Lathrop at Carfrom American Consul aLthrop at Cardiff, Wales.

Fifteen hundred British vessels, he reports, aggregating more than 3,500,000 tons, have been taken over by the British admiralty.

BLACK SEA PORTS BOMBARDED.

Several Put Out of Commission by Russians, They Claim.

London, March 8.—On behalf of the Russian naval general staff, the official press bureau tonight made the following announcement:

"On Sunday our fleet bombarded Zunguldiak, Kozlon and Kilimli, (ports on the Black sea) destroying all structures and plants for the shipment of coal. The bombardment was followed by a terrific explosion and fire. Four batteries were silenced and eight steamers destroyed. Our casualties were three wounded."

TURKISH SIDE OF IT

Official Statement Given Out in Constantinople Yesterday.

London, March 8.—A dispatch from Amsterdam to Reuter's Telegram Company says the following official statement was given out today in Constantinople:

"The British ships Majestic and Irresistible have reinforced the enemy fleet. The five of our batteries put a French armored cruiser out of action and damaged a British armored cruiser.

"Owing to our bombardment the hostile ships rtreated and ceased their fire. Our batteries sufferd no damages."

NO EXCITEMENT IN TOWN.

Dardanelles Municipality Viewing Situation Without Alarm.

Berlin, via London, March 9.—In a wireless from Dardanelles, timed 10 o'clock Monday morning, the Lokal Anzeiger's correspondent, describing the bombardment of the forts in the straits says there is no excitement in the town of Dardanelles.

"Only a few shots have been fired from the shore batteries," the correspondent adds. "Not one-tenth of the batteries have yet replied to the allied fleets' fire as the artillery commanders have forbidden them to do so. Yet the few shots fired have had remarkable result. British ships have been hit twice."

BRITISH STEAMER SUNK.

Was Seen from Ilfracombe to Go Down Following Distress Signal.

Ilfracombe, England, Sunday (delayed), via London, March 9.—The British steamer Gengrove was seen in distress and sounding her siren five miles off this shore at 1:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon. Forty minutes later the ship sank. Thousands on the shore watched her go down.

Two steamers were in the vicinity. One, the Paignton, of Liverpool, rescued the crew of 33 and local life boats brought them ashore.

PARIS REPORT ON DARDANELLES.

Operations Described in Statement by French Ministry of Marine.

Paris, March 8.—The French ministry of marine tonight issued the following statement concerning operations in the Dardanelles:

"Four French battleships, the Suffren, Caulois, Charlemagne and Bouvet and two British warships, the Agamemnon and Lord Nelson, entered the Dardanelles March 7th. While the British ships bombarded at long distance, the forts of the narrows separating Chanak and Kalid Bahr, the French battleships covered them by bombarding the batteries of Mount Dardanus and Couain Dere and concealed batteries that were silenced.

"Fort Rumili Medjdieh, Tabia, on the European side, and Hamidieh I, Tabia, on the Asiatic side, replied to the fire of the British battleships but also were destroyed."

GUNS HEARD IN NORTH SEA

According to Report From Amsterdam —First Time Since January.

Amsterdam, March 8 (via London). —For the first time since Admiral Sir David Beatty engaged a German squadron in the North sea, the latter part of January, heavy gun fire, according to a dispatch from the Hook of Holland to the Telegraaf, was heard in the North sea today.

M. ZAIMIS HAS DECLINED

King Constantine Will Summon M. Gounaris for the Task.

London, March 8.—A Reuter dispatch from Athens says that M. Zaimis has declined to form a cabinet to succeed that of Mr. Venizelos, which resigned Saturday; and that King Constantine will summon M. Gounaris, deputy for Patras, for the task.

RUSSIAN OFFICIAL REPORT

Enemy Repulsed in Sulwaki Region —Other Successes Claimed.

London, March 8.—Reuter's Petrograd correspondent sends the official communication issued by the Russian war office Monday night:

"In the Sulwaki region we repulsed the enemy. On the Marianpol-Simno-Augustowo front our offensive continues.

"On the right bank of the Nareuw there has been no essential change.

"On the left bank of the Vistula in the Pilica region a German offensive has bee nchecked and our troops have commenced a counter attack.

"In the Carpathians, the Austrians have ceased their attacks in the Svidnik region, but continue vainly their assaults on our positions in the direction of Balingrood.

"New enemy attacks in the Kozmwhka-Toukla region met with no better success. In the region of Klase-Germans, a whole battalion of the enemies enveloping column surrendered."

FRENCH COLONY WITHOUT BREAD-WINNERS DESCRIBED

Islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon Deserted by Men of War.

St. Pierre, Islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon, March 8.—A colony without bread-winners. Such is this tiny insular possession of France, the last remaining vestige of her once great empire in North America. The "catch" upon which the whole industry of the islands is dependent, is known to be promising, but the fishing vessels swing idly at their moorings, the dories are nested on the beach, and the trawls are coiled in tubs on shore. Every ablebodied man who could meet the requirements for military—there were 564 in all—has corssed the seas to fight for the Motherland.

Nearly 3,000 miles of ocean separates St. Pierre from the battlefields and the St. Pierrais, while intensely loyal, know little of the causes of the war and of its progress. Since the beginning of hostilities a strict censorship of the cable has permitted only vogue tidings from the outside world to reach the fisher-folk. Occasionally a mysterious message from Paris was received by the civic administrator, M. Chaubaud, and one day the latter posted a notice announcing that the time had come for St. Pierre and Miquelon to play its part in the world tragedy. All ablebodied men of fighting years were ordered to be at the pier at 8:30 o'clock on the morning of February 1. Two hours after the time set the steamer Chicago dropped anchor in the harbor and when she sailed against only the old men, women and children remained.

The French government is paying 25 cents a day to the wife of every fisherman-soldier with an aditional allowance of 10 cents for each child. The winters are long and hard and fuel is a prime necessity. The soil of the islands is barren and all food stuffs must be imported. Many are suffering for the cause of the Allies.

Instead of the great sailing fleet that usaully comes from France for the spring fishing it is expected that steam trawlers will be sent. These can be operated by a comparatively few men thus releasing thousands of fishermen for service on the warships. In this way the French government hopes to meet the requirements of their market for codfish.

The St. Pierrais, generally loyal, do not appreciate fully their relation to the mother country. Several years ago a civil administrator, sent here by the Paris government, aroused the hostility of the fishermen who made a demonstration in front of the official's residence, hoisted the Stars and Stripes above the principal buildings and declared their intention to annex the Islands to the United States. Still earlier they forced an unpopular governor to flee from the colony and seek safety in Canada.

AGREEMENT ON THE PRIMARY REACHED

(Continued from Page One.)

on this measure showed 60 for and 11 against the bill.

Prevent foreign corporations from doing a fiduciary business and limiting the meaning of the word "trust."

Authorize extra jurors in Rockingham county.

Amend the law creating a lien on goods stored in warehouses.

The bill passed to authorize the Federal government to control game and fish regulations in territory in this State under Federal forest preserve control.

WOMEN GO TO RALEIGH AND GET WHAT THEY ARE AFTER

Five Thousand Dollars Addition for Building Fund of Women's Home.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 8. — J. A. Turner, of Louisburg, member of the board of directors for the North Carolina Home for Confederate Women, to be located at Fayetteville, was here today with a special committee of ladies to aid in pressing through the Legislature the bill to allow the additional $5,000 building fund, which they had the gratification of seeing through and ordered enrolled.

Mr. Turner says that the passage of this bill, just accomplished, means that on March 30 the board of directors will award the contract for a $16,350 building, plans for which have been already adopted. This building will accommodate 65 Confederate women. The work of construction is to be pushed as rapidly as possible to the end that the institution may be opened. The committee of ladies here today included: Mrs. Hunter Smith, Fayetteville, chairman of the commitee on Home for Confederate Women; Mrs. E. R. McKeithan, Fayetteville; Mrs. Harlee Townsend, Fayetteville.

The board of directors having in hand the establishment of the Home, consists of J. A. Bryan, New Bern; J. A. Turner, Louisburg; W. H. White, Oxford; T. T. Thorne, Rocky Mount; Geo. M. Rose, Fayetteville; A. D. McGill, Fayetteville; Haywood Parker, Asheville. It is understood that Mr. Parker has resigned and that Gen. J. S. Carr is to be appointed as his successor.

SCHOONERS NOT AVAILABLE FOR TRANS-ATLANTIC SERVICE

Neither Insurance Companies Nor Government Will Insure Them.

Washington, March 8.—Edward C. Plummer, of Math, Me., attorney for Plummer, of Bath, Me., attorney for erating coastwise schooners, told the Senate ship inquiry committee today that when those carriers sought to enter the trans-Atlantic cotton trade, Maine insurance companies would not insure their cargoes and eventually they could get only a $200,000 limit of insurance on any one cargo.

Secretary Redfield, he said, had sought information on sailing schooners for the cotton trade from the American Bureau of Shipping in New York and had been informed that such vessels were not available.

Mr. Plummer also told the committee that the interest he represented opposed the ship purchase bill because they feared that the govrnment but eventually sell ships to operators in the coastwise trade and injure their business. He had furnished information to Senator Weeks and also discussed the bill with Senator Townsend and Representatives Moore, Humphrey and McCullicuddy.

Berlin, March 8 (by Wireless to Sayville).—Dispatches to the Overseas News Agency from Rotterdam say it is reported at the Dutch seaport that a damaged warship was towed into the Firth of Forth, Scotland, last Saturland.

ANOTHER AUDIT OF BOOKS OF TREASURY

Arranged for on Demand of State Treasurer Lacy.

ALEX. WEBB AGREEING

Joint Audit to be Made by Experts for Treasurer and Those of State Board of Internal Improvements. To Find Discrepancies.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 8. — It was arranged this afternoon between State Treasurer Lacy and Governor Craig and the State Board of Internal Improvements that there shall be a joint examination of the books of the State Treasury by the audit experts of the board and those who made audit for the State Treasury, to the end that the auditors for the Board of Internal Improvements show just how they reached the figures to show the Treasurer's audit incorrect and that the audit for the board "uncovered" $220,000 institutional balances as well as other large balances.

In his demand for such an audit, Mr. Lacy declared such reports were doing him an injustice, and made the joint audit he demanded necessary.

In reply to Mr. Lacy's demand Governor Craig wrote him that he had referred the matter to Alexander Webb, of the Board of Internal Improvements, with the request that the joint audit be had and that Mr. Webb had given assurance that he is ready to do this without delay. In his letter to Governor Craig that he was ready to provide for the joint audit, Mr. Webb wrote that in the report of the board they did not go into the detail of the overlapping appropriations, but at the request of Chairman Gilliam, of the committee on appropriations, he put the board's auditor at his disposal and he reported that the gross overlapping appropriations to the State Hospital at Morganton aggregated $76,302.99, and to the credit of the hospital at Raleigh was $61,150.89.; that the auditor, B. A. McKinney, made no further report to him, and Chairman Gilliam, of the appropriations committee, informed him the overlapping appropriations totaled $220,000, the other figures Mr. Gilliam informed him having been gotten from the treasurer's office.

GERMAN SOLDIER'S DUTY OF SILENCE IS REITERATED

In Announcement by Authorities of the Fortress of Cologne.

Cologne, March 8.—The German soldier's duty of silence, as well as of fighting, which in Gold type is emphasized on all railroad trains, is reiterated in an announcement by the authorities of the fortress of Cologne, as follows:

"The great interest which the German people has shown in everything connected with the war is the cause of the heartiest congratulation. The necessity, however, of guarding against revealing military movements is obvious. The revelation of such matters can easily result in the greatest harm to the fatherland.

"Often our thoughtless word about new formations, the direction taken by troops or transports or the names of commanding officers suffices, if heard by unfriendly ears, to do untild harm to the fatherland's cause.

"The layman may not appreciate that the repetition of news which reaches him from the field is anything but harmless. It should be remembered, however, that the enemy has a far-reaching information service with antenna stretching far into our country, and that from such information important conclusions sometimes can be drawn which enable him to make the proper counter moves.

"The government therefore considers it a duty to point out the situation and tot sound the warning in public places ,especially in hotels, railroad carriages and the like, to guard against the revelation of military news to strangers."

Three hundreds members of the Reichstag and the various state parliaments of the German empire are now at the front as soldiers according to the Cologne Gazette. The total membership of these parliaments is 1,800.

SMOTHER BEES FOR HONEY

Scientific Thieves Accomplish Their Work Without Danger of Stings.

(Carlisle, Pa., Dispatch to Philadelphia Record.)

Scientific larceny, is responsible for the loss of 40,000 honey bees and 100 pounds of honey belonging to George A. Beetem, near Carlisle. Beetem, as one of the more prominent bee culturists, has acquired distinction, but of late years has had serious mishaps.

Last year thousands of Beetem's bees weer killed by feeding in orchards which had been sprayed by State officials. Night before last honey thieves invaded Beetem's yards and burnt four sulphur under the hives, suffocating more than 40,000 bees. Thus, the invaders captured the honey without being stung. A short time ago 67 turkeys in Beetem's yard were poisoned.

TOOK HALF A PAL'S SENTENCE

Tender-Hearted Chicago Crook is Thankful He's in Jail.

(From the Chicago Herald.)

Harry Neville, 22 years old, is thankful that he is in jail, thereby shortening a sentence of Charles Eddy, with whom he had been caught attempting burglary. Neville was released on probation. It being his first offense. Eddy, a paroled convict, was about to receive his parole, when Neville pleaded for him.

"Give me half of it, judge," he begged, "I won't have anything to be thankful for, if I'm free and Eddy is facing 1 3years. The burglary was my fault."

Judge Dever gave both men a jail sentence.

New York, March 8.—The $500 fine imposed on Frank Tannenbaum in addition to a year's imprisonment for leading unemployed men into St. Alphonsus church last year was remitted today by the court of general sessions. Tannenbaum's prison sentence expirts tomorrow.

FRENCH MILLINERY SHOP.
Opening, Tuesday, March 9th.

DIES WITH FORTUNE IN GRASP

Oil Spouter Afterward Located on Oklahoman's Farm.

(Yale, Okla., Dispatch to New York Tribune.)

H. C. McCroskey, who died in Oklahoma City recently, was the owner of the farm here known in the oil world as the McCroskey farm, and on which the Alice Kathryn Company well No. 1 is located. The McCroskey farm is the northwest quarter of section 7-19-6, one and one-half miles north of Yale.

Misfortune seems to have followed McCroskey through life. Several years ago his two7year-old child fell from a wagon, the wheels of which crushed out the child's brains, and a short time before the accident McCrosky lost another child, which was burned to a crisp.

McCroskey's death recalls the fact that he was the second person here to die just as a fortune was almost within his grasp, after having lived most of his time in circumscribed circumstances. William Fisher, who died two weeks ago, was the owner of a farm here on which is located the largest oil well in the mid-continent field, having come in recently at more than 9,000 barrels daily. On the Fisher far mare four other large oil wells, known as the C. B. Shafter wells.

HUNG BY HER WEDDING RING

Trenton Woman Loses Her Finger in a Strange Mishap

Trenton (N. J.) Dispatch to Philadelphia Record.

Mrs. Hheese Budd, an elderly woman of this city was standing on a chair fixing a curtain, when she lost her balance. She threw her hand out to stop the fall and her wedding ring caught over a gas jet. For some time she hung suspended by the ring, but by struggling managed to release herself.

The flesh of the finger was torn completely away and it was amputated at McKinley Hospital.

Kansas City, Mo., March 8.—A slight improvement which occurred late today in the condition of William Rockhill Nelson, editor of the Kansas City Star, continued apparent tonight. His physicians, however, announced that the change could not yet be described as a positive change for the better.

BELLE ISLE RETREAT OF 3,000 GERMAN PRISONERS

Place Distinguished as Summer Residence of Sara Bernhardt.

Paris, March 8. — (Correspondence of Associated Press)—Belle Isle, familiar to readers of Dumas, and distinguished by Sara Bernhardt, who fixed her summer residence among its savage rocks, is now the retreat of 3,000 German prisoners of war. Breaking stone for the new roads they are employed in building, keeps their appetites sharpened for the regular camp fare, eked out by ham, sausages and other delicacies received in large quantities from across the Rhine.

The Alsatian prisoners are carefully separated from the others, and are given regular soldiers' rations and all the privileges of French troops in barracks. Books and papers are provided for those who desire to read and those who do not understand French are given facilities for learning it.

New York, March 8.—Announcement was made today that the mail embargo between this country and Great Britain which threatened to hold out until March 17th when the White Star liner Arabic sails for England, had been broken, and that on Wednesday the Rynoam, of the Holland-America Line, will start for the other side and leave all the British mail at Falmouth.

Kalamazoo, Mich., March 8.—Purses aggregating $34,000 were announced today for Kalamazoo's grand circuit harness meeting August 2 to 6th. Early closing events include the $10,000 paper mills purse for 2:07 trotters; the $3,000 Burdick Hotel purse for 2:09 pacers, and $2,000 purses for slower events.

Paris, March 8.—There was a sympathetic manifestation for Americans today at the French artists' day at the exposition of photographs and works contributed by American artists to be sold for the benefit of families of French artists at the front.

Bicycles can now be equipped with electric lambs. A small battery supplies the necessary current.

Academy of Music—March 11th
MATINEE AND NIGHT
COHAN & HARRIS PRESENT
MR. GEO. M. COHAN'S MYSTERY FARCE
"SEVEN KEYS TO BALDPATE"
PRICES: MATINEE, 25c, 50c, 75c. $1.00
PRICES: NIGHT, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50
Seats on Sale at Woodall & Sheppard's Thursday, March
March 11th, at 8 A. M.
Mail Orders Now, if Accompanied by Proper Remittance
MATINEE PROMPTLY 3 O'CLOCK. NIGHT, 8:30.

Heywood Soft Shoes

For Men With
Enlarged Joints
And
Tender Toes
In Lace and Congress at
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HIGH GRADE MACHINES
Day and Night Service.
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Rates . . . . . $2.50 Per Hour

Packard Auto Rent Co.
B. B. CAMERON, Manager.

ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO WRECK TRAIN NO. 42

Cross Tie Found on Track North of Mt. Olive at Night

Found Just Beyond a Curve a Few Minutes Before Northbound Coast Line Passenger Train Was Due Saturday Night.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Mount Olive, March 8.—The engineer in charge of a southbound freight train, that took the siding here Saturday night to allow A. C. L. passenger train No. 42 to pass, reported the discovery of a cross-tie on the track two miles north of here, which, it is believed, was placed there for the purpose of wrecking the passenger train, and which would no doubt have wrecked the freight train, had not the engine been equipped with the modern brilliant electric headlight, and the track straight for several miles north of where the tie was placed.

Two miles north of here, the track curves rather sharply to the north; and just at the north end of this curve is where the cross-tie was placed, which means that the engineer in charge of the passenger train, northbound, would have been unable to see the obstruction until within a few yards of it—too late to prevent the engine's coming into contact with same.

No clue as to the identity of the guilty parties has been discovered. Three men were seen standing at a county road crossing of the railroad a short distance north of where the tie was found, but their dentity is not known, nor is it known if they had any knowledge of the fact that the tie had been placed on the track.

Several atempts have been made within the last four or five years to wreck this same train, which passes here at 9:06 p. m., made up of some six or eight cars—baggage car, day coaches and Pullmans, and one of the Coast Line's most important trains on this road. The last attempt occurred some six or eight months ago, between here and Calypso.

ANARCHISTS CAUGHT IN ST. PATRICK'S PLEAD NOT GUILTY

Held Under Bond of $25,000 for Trial —May Withdraw Pleas.

New York, March 8.—Frank Abarno, the young anarchist arrested in St. Patrick's cathedral last Tuesday after detectives had stamped out a lighted bomb which imperilled the lives of 800 worshippers, pleaded not guilty today to the charge of attempting to explode the bomb, a felony punishable by 25 years' punishment. Carmine Carbone, the 18-year-old boy arrested as the maker of the missile, entered a similar plea. Both were held in $25,000 bail for trial.

Justice Swann allowed the men until next Thursday to withdraw or change their pleas. The court took under advisement motion to allow their counsel to inspect the minutes of the grand jury which indicted them.

The proceedings were brief. The charge made by the prisoners that the police had instigated the plot and that teh two men simply followed the suggested the Amedio Polignani, a detective who posed as an anarchist, was not touched upon.

Abarno and Carbone faced the court smilingly. The far-reaching plot, which the police claim existed among anarchists to take the lives of Andrew Carnegie, the Rockefellers, Cornelius Vanderbilt and other rich men, to blow up banks and inaugurate a reign of terror in New York city, did not come before the court today.

INFORMATION AS TO UNFAIR COMPETITION ACCUMULATING

Trade Commission Will Have Many Letters to Begin With.

Washington, March 8.—When the Federal Trade Commission organizes here next week it probably will fall heir to a mass of first hand information about business plans of corporations, which involve the question of unfair methods of competition. The information is in the hands of the Department of Justice, in the form of letters from corporations from throughout the country.

The letters began to reach the department shortly after the trade commission act went into effect. Generally they seek to obtain advice as to whether prospective business moves are within the law. In each case the answer has been that the department cannot furnish the desired advice. There is some question also, whether the trade coimmission has authority to give such anticipatory advice.

No so-called trusts or organizations of big business have written.

IN SEARCH OF TSE-NE-GAT.

General Scott Begins 140-Mile Overland Journey.

Denver, Colo., March 8.—Brig. Gen. Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the United States army, today began a 120-mile overland journey into the desert country of Southeastern Utah in search of Tse-Ne-Gat, a Plute Indian, wanted by Federal authorities on a murder charge. Tse-Ne-Gat is being aided in resisting capture by his father, "Old Polk," and a band of renegade Piutes.

General Scott was sent from Washington to seek out the fugitives, and through assurances of fair treatment induce them to surrender Tse-Ne-Gat to the Federal authorities. The general is accompanied by his aide, Col. Robert E. K. Michie, and an orderly.

SENATOR PHELAN RETURNS.

From Trip to Dominican Republic to Investigate as to Sullivan.

Washington, March 8.—Senator Jas. D. Phelan, of California, returned to Washington today from his trip to the Dominican Republic as a special commissioner of the State Department to investigate the fitness of James M. Sullivan as minister to the republic. He announced that no further formal hearings would be held and that he probably would make his report within the next two weeks.

FRENCH MILLINERY SHOP.
Opening, Tuesday, March 9th.

WARNING.

The party or parties who have been making a practice of stealing the Sunday paper from No. 307 North Fifth street are hereby warned against trespassing on this property. All such parties are further warned that disregard of this notice places them in danger of bodily harm.

March 8, 1915. J. A. FARLEY.

WRESTLING IN ALL TEN LANGUAGES OF EUROPE

American Minister to Rumania in Peculiar Position.

Associated Press Correspondent Describes Visit to Charles J. Vopika in His Palatial Residence at Bucharest.

(Correspondence of Associated Press.)

Bucharest, Rumania, Feb. 25.—Chas. J. Vopika, of Chicago, the American minister to Rumania, Serbia and Bulgaria, has found himself in a peculiar position as a result of the war. The demands upon him have been such that when an Associated Press correspondent visited him at his palatial home in Bucharest, the American minister was wrestling with bookkeeping and correspondence in all the ten languages of Central Europe.

He was sitting behind a large desk strewn with letters, each containing either a request for information as to the fate of some missing soldier from Austria-Hungary, Germany, Serbia or Russia, or a money order for some prisoner of war.

"This is the second, of our five daily mail deliveries," said he, "and so far I have received 102 letters. My small staff is so overworked that I am obliged to lend a hand. I thought this would be only until somebody could be found to do the work. But such people are extremely scarce in Rumania. So I started in to keep books and records and what not; act as mail clerk, and about the only thing I have not done so far is to take my letters to the postoffice."

In private life Mr. Vopika is a wealthy Chicago banker.

"I have come to like the work," he said, after telling how he spent from 12 to 16 hours in bookkeeping each day. "Each little effort in behalf of these poor men means not only comfort for them, but reassurance for some poor soul at home. I re-transmit money from persons in Austria-Hungary, Germany, Serbia and Russia to prisoners of war held in the enemy's country.

"Some of the amounts transmitted are humble mites for prisoners whose relatives had to save hard to spare even the little they send. The remittances to officers are larger as a rule. Some of the Austrian prisoners held by the Serbs are wealthy men who receive money from home in thousands.

"I must deal here in German marks, Austro-Hungarian kronen, Serbian francs, Russian rubles and Rumanian lei. I am glad that I had at least a little experience as banker, for otherwise my predicament would be greater than it is."

A few weeks ago the American minister made a trip to Serbia to inquire into the treatment of the Austro-Hungarian prisoners of war. He reported that the men were well treated. They are given three substantial meals a day and few of them complained.

Mr. Vopicka said that Dr. Edward W. Ryan, who is in charge of the American Red Cross unit in Serbia, was now in control of all the Serbian military hospitals and that his efforts were greatly appreciated by the Serbian government. Dr. Ryan found a woeful disregard for the essentials in hospital sanitation and started in by insisting that all the hospital floors be scrubbed once a day—in the morning. At first he had great difficulty enforcing this. Now, however, clean floors have become a habit with which even the Serbs are loath to part. During the bombardment of Belgrade a shell hit one of the hospitals under Dr. Ryan's control, killing one nurse and wounding an American nurse slightly.

Much Grain Stored.

Nearly 46,000 carloads of grain, mostly wheat and rye, are stored at the Rumanian railroad stations awaiting transfer to Germany and Austria-Hungary. About half of the quantity is consigned to German millers.

A lack of rolling stock has operated against prompt transfers but Germany has now met this problem with an agreement to send into Rumania daily 300 box cars which are to be used in transporting the grain. The first of these have arrived. With Austria-Hungary no agreement has been reached as yet, but its share of the grain is being shipped out as rapidly as the number of cars available permits.

It is said here that in lieu of certain concessions, Germany will in the future observe a more liberal commercial policy with Rumania. What these concessions are, however, could not be ascertained.

WOULD CALL OUT MILITIA TO QUELL WRANGLING LAWYERS

The Threat of Judge in West Virginia Court Proves Effective.

Charleston, W. Va., March 8. — The threats by the presiding judge to call out the militia to maintain order, quelled heated exchanges today between opposing attorneys arguing in Circuit Court a writ of prohibition sought by A. Leo Weil, of Pittsburgh, to prevent the prosecuting attorney of Kanawha county from proceeding with indictments charging him with attempting to bribe members of the West Virginia Public Service Commission.

The court recessed until tomorrow, with arguments uncompleted.

LAW NOT ENFORCEABLE YET.

Alabama Papers Can Advertise Liquor Until Prohibition Law is Effective.

Birmingham, Ala., March 8.—Judge Miller, of the city court, today held that the new state law prohibiting circulation of periodicals bearing liquor advertisements is not enforceable until after July 1, when the state-wide prohibition statute becomes operative. The decree dissolved a temporary injunction restraining a local news dealer from circulating such periodicals. An appeal was noted.

JARVIS FOLKS HAVEN'T QUIT

Mass Meeting at Dunn Saturday for Laying Further Plans.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Dunn, N. C., March 8.—A mass meeting of citizens within the territory embraced by the proposed Jarvis county has been called for Saturday afternoon, March 13, for the purpose of getting the various committees composing the Jarvis County club to begin active work, soliciting funds and members.

Salt Lake City, Utah, March 7. — A telegram received today by Sheriff Corless, from Nogales, Ariz., announced the capture of Raiphal Lopez, Mexican bandit, who more than a year ago terrorized Bingham, Utah, killing six deputy sheriffs before his escape.

2 IN 1 BLACK WHITE TAN 2 IN 1

Whether the Shoes be Black, White or Tan—2 in 1 Gives the Shine that Won't Come Off on the Clothes—Brilliant—Lasting. The "Easy-Opening" Box, 10c.
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SHOE POLISHES

THEATRICAL

George M. Cohan's steadily advancing stagecraft is very markedly illustrated in "Seven Keys to Baldpate," which is to be presented at the Academy of Music, Saturday, matinee and night, March 13.

The play is said to be a very cleverly constructed farce picturing with agreeable satire the possibilities of "best seller" writing. The piece is on lines quite at variance with previous Cohan plays, being in many respects the most legitimate contribution to the stage from our foremost fashioner of contemporary farce. It contains little slang and less Broadway, and altogether is described as being a very skilful farcical fabrication.

Mr. Cohan has taken the original Biggers' (that really is his name; he used to be a Boston dramatic critic and he signed his name to reviews with no recorded injury) plot and adapted it quite as cleverly to his theatrical uses as he did the even more diffuse "Wallingford" yarns. Baldpate Inn is that lonesomest of spots, a mountain summer hotel in the dead of winter. Here comes a novelist who has just wagered a friend that he can turn out a story of 10,000 words in 24 hours (not so considerable a feat, however, as it seems—many a newspaper man has turned out that much copy in less time on a pinch). The writer, apparently, believes that he has the only key to the hotel and that he will be able to work uninterruptedly to a successful conclusion of his wager. The gentleman of the second part in the wager is the owner of the Inn. He commends the novelist to the kind attention of the caretaker and his wife and arrangements are made for the writer's comfort. Hardly has he begun to write when the curtain rises on another scene. A man arrives, also the possessor of a key, and deposits a roll of bills in the Inn safe, telephoning a confederate to come and get the money in the morning. The nervous novelist creeps feebly to the balcony above the lobby and hears all this, then tremblingly comes down and demands of the stranger what he is doing in the hotel. The other man bluntly asks the same question, nipping the situation with gunware eloquence. But the novelist wooes the harsh visitor to his room and then slams and locks the door. No sooner is this done than the Inn door is unlocked again and a young woman enters. And so on until seven keys are employed to admit more or less eccentric characters. At the end you know—but this cannot be told, even in this column, for it would mar the enjoyment of this greatest of Cohan successes.

It is, as Mr. Cohan terms it, a mystery farce. The author daringly tricks his audience and then finishes with a whimsical turn which gives mystery another turn. It is all clever writing, with a bit of satire not only on the writers of "best sellers," but on audience as well.

"Runaway June" Today.

"Runaway June" at the New Grand today. That announcement will be received by all Wilmington theatre-goers with keen delight. It is a day they have been looking forward to with great eagerness for weeks and indications are that they are going to turn out en masse to witness the inauguration at Wilmington's handsomest theatre today of this great society drama that has set all of New York talking and that is only being offered by the biggest and best theatres of the country. This, of course, includes the New Grand; hence, Wilmington's lucky chance to see this wonderful, gripping film while it is fresh. The New Grand will run the big film sensation every Tuesday and every movie devotee should be certain to be on hand today, so as to start right at the beginning. The first episode, to be flashed on the screen today, shows what happens on June's wedding day and brings to the front the tall, handsome, black Vandyked stranger, a character that caused the entire fiction public of this country to "sit up and take notice." Suspense and thrills begin as soon as the film is flashed on the screen and before the end of the big two reels of the first episode the onlookers will be impatient to behold the next and will be guessing how it is all going to end.

"Runaway June" is a great, superb feature alone, and yet this is not all the New Grand is going to offer today. In fact, this is going to be a Red Letter day in every way. In addition to "Runaway June" the New Grand will present the Vitagraph's stpdendous three-reel success (get that) "Underneath the Paint," and this sensational film triumph comes direct to the New Grand from the Vitagraph Theatre, New York.

"Threads of Fate."—Bijou.

Do you enjoy a supremely sweet love story? Do you know how lovely Pauline Bush can be when a great opportunity comes to her? Are you thrilled by the romantic love making of handsome William Dowlin? Then don't fail to see this unusual heart drama, "Threads of Fate," featuring today's bill at the home of "the Incomparable Movies," and be thrilled with the tangled plot woven by the intricate threads of fate. It tells the great human interest story of two kindred souls, who, becoming tired of the sham of an artificial existence, elope and court death rather return, and lovely, beautiful Pauline Bush is at her very best in the portrayal of an emotional role such as this two-reel feature calls for.

"Their Last Haul" is the title of a great L-Ko comedy feature that is undoubtedly entitled to second place on the bill. It features that great funmaker, Hank Mann, who enjoys the reputation, with Billie Ritchie, of being one of the greatest comedians on the screen. It's a full reel of roaring, thrilling, tumbling farce-comedy, and Alice Howell features in the lead with Hank. If you want to see the desperate chances taken by movie actors to entertain you, don't fail to see this.

"Shadows and Sunshine" is a full reel, Mutual drama of an exceptional kind, starring the famous Thannhouser twins, Medaline and Marion Fairbanks. Then there's another notable Mutual, "In Wildman's Land," 'a wierd and terrible tale of Savage cave men, in a full reel.

The rousing six-reel bill ends up with a seemingly ludicrous Keystone comedy, "Hogan's Wild Oats," featuring those inimitable Keystone comedy stars you like so well. And don't forget—"The Exploits of Elaine," starts Friday.

SPORTS

WAKE FOREST SCHEDULE

List of Baseball Games to Be Played This Spring Announced.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wake Forest, N. C., March 8.—Manager W. A. Riddick has announced the following schedule of baseball games for the Wake Forest nine this spring:

March 18, Oak Ridge at Wake Forest.
March 24, open.
March 26, Bingham (Mebane) at Wake Forest.
March 29, University of North Carolina at Wake Forest.
March 31, Liberty Piedmont Institute at Wake Forest.
April 3, A. & M. at Wake Forest.
April 5, A. & M. (Easter Monday) Raleigh.
April 8, Trinity at Durham.
April 9, Durham League at Durham.
April 10, Elon at Burlington.
April 13, University of North Carolina at Raleigh.
April 15, Raleigh League at Raleigh.
April 17, Trinity at Wake Forest.
April 19, University of South Carolina at Columbia.
April 20, University of South Carolina at Columbia.
April 22, University of South Carolina at Wake Forest.
April 23, Trinity at Durham (Pending.)
April 24, Davidson at Davidson.
April 25, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.
April 29, Elon at Wake Forest.
May 1, Guilford at Wake Forest.
May 4, A. & M. at Wake Forest (Pending.)

EVERY OPPORTUNITY TO PROTECT ITS FRANCHISE

Was Given Kansas City Club, Says Federal League Counsel in Court.

Chicago, March 8.—Argument was begun in Circuit Court today on a motion to dissolve the temporary injunction restraining the Federal League from transferring its Kansas City club franchise to Newark, N. J. "We gave the Kansas City club every opportunity to protect its franchise," said E. E. Gates, Federal League counsel. "It was agreed that the club should raise $100,000 by December 10. If it had raised this money it could have redeemed the franchise."

John M. Zane, for the Kansas City club, argued that "the action which put out the Kansas City club, was the action of an executive committee and not the action of the league itself."

In concluding his argument asking for a permanent injunction restraining the league from transferring the franchise, Mr. Zane said:

"At the beginning of the 1914 season the Kansas City club paid a large sum of money to the league. The money was never returned nor was an accounting made. The league advanced money at various times to the Kansas City club, but at the same time the league received the gate receipts of the club. No accounting has ever been made."

JOHNSON AND WILLARD TO FIGHT AT HAVANA APRIL 3.

Last Obstacle Removed and Heavy-Weight Bout Seems Certain.

Havana, March 8.—Jack Johnson and Jess Willard will fight for the world's heavy-weight pugilistic championship at Havana Saturday, April 3.

The last obstacle was removed today when Jack Curley, who endeavored to have the men meet at Juarez, Mexico, March 6th, received a cable from Willard saying he would start immediately for Havana, arriving here March 15. The fight terms are identical with those arranged previously.

Curley will act as the chief promoter.

Johnson began training today. Willard probably will have training quarters at Mariano.

San Francisco, March 8.—The opening game of the Universal Polo Tournament will be played here Tuesday, March 16th. Play will be for the open championship cup and the teams probably will be those of Cooperstown, N. Y., and San Mateo.

Birmingham, Ala., March 8.—Robert H. Baugh, president of the Birmingham club, was elected president of the Southern Baseball Association at a meeting of the directors here today. He succeeds the late W. M. Kavanaugh.

Washington, March 8.—Secretary Lane began public hearings today on the disposition of thousands of acres of rich oil and gas lands on the Osage Indian Reservation in Oklahoma, at the expiration next year of the so-called Foster lease under which the property now is held by the Indian territory illuminating oil company.

GERMANS PLEAD GUILTY

Of Conspiring to Secure False American Passports.

New York, March 8.—Carl Ruroede, a German-American, and four German reservists, brought to trial in Federal court today, on charges of conspiring to obtain false American passports, withdrew their previous pleas of not guilty and pleaded guilty.

Ruroede, accused of opening a bureau of issuance of false passports, was sentenced to three years in the Atlanta penitentiary. The others, Arthur Wilhelm, Heinrich Sachsse, a reserve lieutenant in the German army, Walter Mueller, August Myer and Herman Wagener were fined $200 each.

A sixth man, Hans Adam von Weddell, also indicted and a fugitive from justice, and described by District Attorney Marshall as the chief conspirator in the case, has been apprehended in Scotland. Negotiations for his extradition are under stood to be underway.

IN EFFORT TO WIPE OUT GAMBLING AT PALM BEACH

Grand Jury Subpoenas Issued for Several Prominent Men.

Palm Beach, Fla., March 8.—Grand jury subpoenaes have been issued for a number of men prominent in various parts of the country in connection with an effort to wipe out gambling at this fashionable winter resort. Some of those already subpoenaed as witnesses are John F. Fitzgerald, former mayor of Boston, and his brother, H. S. Fitzgerald; James M. Schoonmaker, vice president of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad; Chas. I. Craigin, banker, of Philadelphia; H. S. Black, of New York; Thomas D. Shevlin, Minneapolis, former Yale football star, and Peter and Thomas Vreedenburgh, of Bridgeport, Con.

Anniston, Ala., March 8. — The bodies of J. A. Cooper, his wife, and their son, L. A. Cooper, were discovered in the Cooper home near here early today. The positions of the bodies indicated that the son had shot his parent as they lay in bed, and then had committed suicide. A shot gun was found beside young Cooper's body. J. A. Cooper at one time was editor of the Monticello (Georgia) Times.

Washington, March 8.—The Supreme court today granted the application of the State of Virginia for permission to sue J. P. Morgan for the return of the will of Martha Washington.

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"Who steals my purse steals trash.
But he that filches from me my good name Robs me—" Etc.

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The Parker Fountain Pen—We have the largest assortment in the city.

Ely's Cream Balm.

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If you want a wall board that will give you the best service at the lowest cost—one that keeps the rooms warmer in winter and cooler in summer—ask your dealer about

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Roof Coating
Metal Paints
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Shingle Stains
Refined Coal Tar
Tar Coating

Spring Fashions

You'll see quite a variety of good models in suits for young men this Spring

Hart Schaffner & Marx

Varsity styles are the particular choice of most of the young men. There are some very interesting style ideas shown in them; new lapels, new shaped backs, new collar effects; and a number of new things in waistcoats.

If you're going to dress just right, you must see these; especially 'Varsity 55 and 64. You'll be surprised at the values you'll get for $20 and up.

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The home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes

"OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS"

Oliver Plows Have Been the Standard for Three Generations
More Than 2,500,000 in Actual Use.

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THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1879.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 31. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1915.

A Paris paper says "the French women are up in arms." Probably so when the heroes are on hand.

A biologist says the war in Europe is simply a struggle between plotoplasms. If that be true the fittest ought to survive.

In little more than 30 days Eastern North Carolina will be hustling around to get its million dollar strawberry crop to market.

Two young married men met at the market and agreed that matrimony had made it necessary for them to go after "chicken" feed every now and then.

When a man once gets stuck on Wilmington he won't stay away, even if he runs the chance of returning and being caught for something that caused him to absent himself for a while.

Probably the handwriting is on the wall, but the Turks can't make out whether it is "Get out" or something else scrawl by the "Bear That Walks Like a Man."

The Largo (Fla.) Sentinel says: "Watch Largo Grow.' No doubt there would be a great inrush of newcomers if the town would manufacture something like Largo beer.

If the Turks only knew enough they would give up Constantinople to the British and the French so they could once more make a nightmare of Russia's dream for centuries past.

Between now and the time for holding the next Republican National Convention a number of political incendiaries will try to make the country believe that they can set the whole world on fire.

The Baltimore American continues to insist that a "Republican will be in the White House in 1917." Of course. He will be in there long enough to congratulate President Wilson on his re-election.

In the West, a woman is resisting all efforts to make her turn over an office to another. She announces her determination to hold on to it, in which respect there is no difference between a man and a woman.

Old Hurrygraph says in the Durham Sun: "Of course, if women vote they should tell their ages. Very few of them nowadays look old enough to vote." Of course, if North Carolina women were to try to vote, it would look as if they were engaging in some girlish prank.

Now that Congress has adjourned, Republicans are saying that "there is now no Congress in Washington to be bossed by Rresident Wilson." The President got a great deal of necessary "team work" out of Congress, and the team management was so heartily endorsed that Republicans are laboring under the hallucination that Congress was bossed. In justice to the Congressmen, it is only necessary to state that they were only the teammates of the President.

The hammer and the anvil quarreled. "I'm tired being hammered from morning till night," the anvil complained. "It's true," said the hammer, "that you stand a whole lot of pounding, but that is what you were made for. I am the tool which makes something, but I couldn't make useful things out of iron, if I didn't make you do your part. You don't even make a noise till I hit you, but you become useful when I hammer on you from morning till night." The anvil retorted: "Yes, you make an underling of me and put it all over me in every way, but I guess I'll have to be content with being an adjunct in the plan of economy." The bellows broke in with the remark that it boosted the whole shop by doing all the blowing, but the blacksmith wound up the conversation with the philosophic remark that so far as men are concerned some have to be hammers, some anvils and some blow-hards in order to achieve results.

THE LUMBER INDUSTRY AND THE WAR.

We often hear saw mill men assert that the depression in the lumber business is due solely to the Democratic tariff and that the war in Europe has nothing to do with it. As a matter of fact, the war has affected every line of business in America, even the newspaper business. One of the first effects of the war was to stop the building operations of the 100,000,000 people of the United States. Even repair work was suspended in most cities and in some of the largest of the cities of this country huge buildings were left half finished. Plans for others were deferred. Every man of intelligence must know that a condition like that would affect the lumber industry, all the building trades, and even the labor which is so essential a part in building and construction operations. The effect which the war had upon the money market alone would put a halt upon all kinds of business.

The tariff ought to bear whatever blame justly attaches to it for the condition of any business, but there is something else responsible for the depression in the lumbering industry of the South. Differential freight rates, for instance. It has not been so long ago that all the lumber manufacturers' associations were up in arms on the freight rate question and they appealed to the Interstate Commerce Commission for relief.

Most everybody has forgotten that the original Payne-Aldrich tariff bill put lumber on the free list. Senator Simmons wouldn't stand for it, and on that ground, together with "quebracho" and other things, the brilliant W. W. Kitchin waged war on him for his seat in the United States Senate. The altogether able and adroit Mr. Kitchin made speeches that rang from the sea to the mountains, and surely we have not forgotten that Senator Simmons' friends had to get busy. While New England and the North and the West were getting their share of protection and Senators Aldrich and Smoot and Representative Payne fully intended to leave the South out, Senator Simmons saw that it would mean inequitable taxation, so he made a successful fight for the retention of a tariff on lumber. Nevertheless, the Canadian, Northern and Western railways nullified it by immediately granting a freight differential in favor of Canadian lumber. The railroads reduced freight rates to points above the Ohio river and increased them from points below the Ohio river. They made it a stand-off, so the Western as well as the Southern lines could get lumber traffic from all the producing fields.

They did it also because consumers in states which have no lumber or timber interests wanted relief from the tariff on lumber. Those same consumers wanted their own interests protected, but they did not want to pay any tariff on Southern lumber if they could get the Canadian product cheaper by getting lumber on the free list. That is the reason the Republicans wanted to put lumber on the free list. They were complying with an insistent demand in the North and the Middle West, and if the Republicans get in power again they will be sure to put lumber on the free list again. They will do it because they will get the votes of the lumber consumers who outnumber the lumber producers.

The Republican party distributes the benefits of protection with an eye to business—ballot box business. They give plenty of it for that great part of the country where votes are the thickest, but they incidentally resort to the free list when it is to the interest of the most voters in the North. Therefore, the lumber people who say they want the Republican party back in power, so they can get protection on lumber so as to shut out Canadian lumber, want something they can't get from the Republican party—a high tariff tax on Northern lumber buyers for the benefit of Southern lumber manufacturers.

Let the lumber people remember that Northern Republicans are protectionists when they have something to sell and free listers when they have something to buy. Shoe manufacturers want a high tariff on shoes, but they want free leather and plenty of it to make protected shoes. They want to tax the masses who wear shoes, but they do not want to pay any tariff tax on the leather which they import for making shoes. They play the game open at one end and shut at the other, and it is the pet special interests which get benefits coming two ways—leather duty-free and shoes duty-high.

The Democrats are trying to adjust the tariff so its burdens and benefits will be equitable in all sections of the country, without regard to any special interest. They may have to revise their tariff in order to do that to the best advantage of the Treasury and the people, but they should be given time to accomplish what they honestly aim to do. Under such extraordinary war conditions as we face at the present, however, no economist or politician is able to correctly analyze the tariff question. All we know now is that if we had a high protective tariff to aid the war in shutting out foreign imports, ships would have to go to Europe loaded and come back empty.

Finally, it should be borne in mind that this is the only European war in which ten of our customer nations have ever participated at one time. The situation is without precedent. They can't buy as much from us as we would like to sell, and they can't sell us as much as we want to buy. We can deny the truth as to that? Not a living soul.

People who are willing to look the stubborn facts in the face surely have to agree with the Jacksonville Times-Union when it expresses the indisputable economic view that "the depression of industry and the paralysis of capital, for the moment in America, is as much the effect of the war in Europe as the starvation of Belgium and the slaughter of contending hosts on battlefields." Furthermore, when the war in Europe is at an end and the nations there are recovering from prostration, their unfortunate condition is bound to be fortunate for American industries. That will be inevitable. Europe will have to rebuild and it will depend upon America for the wherewithal in money and materials.

INDUSTRY MUST HAVE CREDIT

Mr. R. B. Belser, of Sumter, S. C., has contributed to the Charleston News and Courier a thoughtful, wise and timely appeal to merchants, bankers and landlords not to restrict credits. He warns the bankers particularly that the real danger threatening the South at this time is "the danger of great economical loss through the throttling of the force of production by undue restriction of credits."

We take it that credits are being restricted to such an extent in South Carolina as to make a man of sound economic views like Mr. Belser write to The News and Courier some things that apply to North Carolina and every other Southern state as well. We have heard North Carolina manufacturers, for instance, state that they have been so restricted in their credits that they could not run their plants when there was every reason why they should keep on running and giving employment to wage earners. They not only need money to buy raw material while it is cheap, but need it for their pay rolls. They also need it to market their products on the same line of credits which their factories formerly extended.

Who doubts that much of the industrial depression of the country is attributable to that very cause? However, the Sumter man makes this warning apply to all forms of industry. He might apply it to business as well, but as the planting season is here he refers particularly to the danger of doing serious injury to our farming industry by the restriction of credit by banks, merchants and landlords. He recognizes the fact that due caution should be exercised, but he goes on to say:

"We all realize that some degree of restriction is necessary—indeed, desirable for all parties concerned. But that does not mean that this restriction must be carried to the point where it necessitates a large portion of the lands of the state lying idle, that perhaps half of the annual $160,000,000 product of the field shall be lacking next fall for the want of necessary supplies with which to make it. If this condition is brought about there will be more than psychological hard times. We will have real hard times—the result of a short-sighted economic policy.

"This is an agricultural state. Sixty per cent. of the wealth produced each year consists of agricultural products. If we include cotton seed products and cotton manufactures, amounting together to nearly $100,000,000, more than 90 per cent. of the state's annual products may fairly be said to be directly dependent upon its agricultural activities. The necessity for keeping these forces in operation is patent.

"Let us examine into the conditions that make some restriction necessary, with a view to determining the measure of restriction that is sound economic policy. Agricultural disorganization exists to a marked degree only in the South, and the logical conclusion is that it is due almost entirely to the effect of the war on distribution, consumption and prices of cotton. The grain and live stock sections are enjoying unusual prosperity. The South can produce on lands that will make a bale of cotton per acre, (and on other lands in proportion): 50 bushels of corn, with several bushels of peas, and vines to be turned under with manurial value of $5 to $10 per acre; 40 to 50 bushels of oats, followed by a ton or more of peavine hay; 30 bushels of wheat, followed by a pea vine hay crop of a ton or more; yields of tobacco worth $100 to $200, and of truck and lesser crops to the value of $100 to $1,000 per acre. Why then all of this wail because cotton no longer promises much profit? Because there is no market for anything but cotton? Other sections have provided and are finding a market for grain, live stock and diversified products—and are prospering. It is up to us to do likewise. Are we going to let a great agricultural section like the South to go to the bow-wows because periodically low prices prevail for cotton? Where is the proof of our boasted resourcefulness and of our confidence in our state and the South?"

We catch the hint that nobody wants to finance a cotton crop, but since cotton heretofore has been the sole basis of credit, no chances will be taken on financing any other crop. For instance, if a farmer wants credit to enable him to diversify his crops he can't get it, whereas he should be encouraged by credit to abandon the all-cotton system and grow other money crops for which there is bound to be a great demand. If the credit men are denying credit to any great extent, in either North Carolina or South Carolina, they are doing the very thing that will make diversification impossible. Mr. Belser makes it very plain that we cannot revolutionize our credit system or revolutionize our farming system all at once. We have to do both by degrees, and he emphasizes this view:

"The banker, the merchant, and the landlord each has his duty and responsibility, and failure to measure up to it will not fail to come home to the delinquent. A life-long credit system cannot be changed in one year. The measure of restriction and change that is possible is a matter for the careful consideration of the best business brain of our commercial life. Let us give the matter careful study and arrive at an adjustment that will keep in operation the productive forces of our state. If this be done our people by economy and thrift can, and I believe will, come through this trying period without serious loss—and will ultimately benefit by the lesson which it has driven home."

The agricultural industry in our Southern states is such a tremendous one that its depression by war has taught us what it means. If we depress it further by withholding credits, business is in for it. We don't know that such has prevailed to any great extent, but it is well to be on our guard about it. We must remember that probably as many as three-quarters of a million people in North Carolina are directly dependent on agriculture. Sixty per cent. of our business also depends on it. The merchants and the landlords are all directly concerned in seeing that our agriculture is not demoralized if they can help it.

GRAIN EXPORTS FOR WILMINGTON.

A news item appeared in The Star a few days ago to the effect that a surplus of 365,000 bushels of corn from last year's crop remains in Hyde county because of the war in Europe. Few knew that North Carolina's eastern corn belt had been exporting corn to Germany till the war broke out and put an end to Hyde's export business.

The fact came out by reason of the action of the State Corporation Commission in allowing a readjustment of freight rates on the Norfolk Southern Railroad so Eastern North Carolina corn can reach the interior markets. While North Carolina has been buying thousands of car loads of corn, a portion of the State probably could supply a million or more bushels but for the matter of transportation—particularly railroad rates that would enable State consumers to get the North Carolina product.

A few years ago Hyde county lacked railroad facilities, and may to a large extent now be so isolated as to make rail shipments uneconomical. Yet the Norfolk Southern has come along and to a great extent will be a powerful factor in promoting the grain growing resources of that part of the State. When it comes to water transportation, Hyde had that, and the probability is that corn could be shipped to Bremen cheaper than it could be transported by rail to Charlotte.

Wilmington has water communication with Hyde and, owing to the fact that Europe will want an immense amount of grain for the next few years, it would be a good idea for Wilmington to prepare to export corn. There also will be a large increase in corn production all over Eastern North Carolina and the possibility is that Wilmington can concentrate it to great advantage for distribution both by export abroad and by rail to all parts of this country. If this is going to become a grain country, Wilmington wants to get the business.

Whenever it tries to get dull around Wilmington, something happens and disappoints it.

THINKS WELL OF FESTIVAL

To the Editor of The Star:

I was delighted to see the suggestion of Mr. J. F. Harris in your columns regarding the proposed Musical Festival at Lumina. Most of the larger cities have adopted the Musical Festival as an annual event, and I am pleased to see Wilmington falling in line. It may interest you to know that the subject has been discussed in musical circles for some time, and I feel assured that Mr. Harriss will have the hearty appreciation and support of the music lovers of the city.

I am one of several who believe Wilmington can compare favorably with any city in this respect and that the material for the making of a good chorus will be readily obtained by organized effort.

Having had the privilege of attending and taking part in festivals of this kind, both in this country and abroad, I have yet to learn of one that has not been a success, both musically and financially.

I wish Mr. Harris the best of success and trust his efforts will be brought to a successful termination and form the basis for a permanent choral society for the city of Wilmington.

Yours,
BERT JONES.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Since the strawberry season opened in Florida, 434,327 quarts have been shipped North, and the growers have received in exchange money to the amount of $86,016.10. The average price this season is better than it was last year. As the Florida season wanes, the strawberries from the Wilmington section will come on, and the growers will be encouraged over the prospect of making more money than was the case with the past season's crop.—Charlotte Observer.

Murne Cowan is the name of an Ohio Guernsey cow that has broken the world's record as to milk production. The Ohio State university has just given out the results of several competitive tests made, and they resulted in resting the laurels on the head of Murne. Last year she produced 12 tons of milk, and 1,096 pounds of butter fat, which churned into 1,400 pounds of butter. America is a land of politicians big and little. They flourish in every county seat and militia district. Each one has a separate panacea for saving the country, and a good many of them who have since gone to Washington claim to have written chapters in American history. As against the great majority of these busy gentlemen, we put the unobtrusive activities of Murne Cowan. For the cow that sets a new record in milk production like the hen that sets a new record in egg production, has accomplished something definite. And few politicians can sincerely make affidavit to that effect. Murne never made a speech from a stump or got a plank inserted in a political platform. All she has done is to raise the milk production record of the world. Therefore, we hail Murne as a patriot and a "perfect lady."—Atlanta Constitution.

Our candies are made in fourteen different cities—insuring fresh candies at every Huyler agency.

Huyler's
FRESH EVERY HOUR

Our Sales Agents in Wilmington are
Mathews
Jno. W. Plummer, Jr.

Huyler's Cocoa, like Huyler's Candy, is Supreme

THE BEST PROOF

Given by a Wilmington Citizen.

Doan's Kidney Pills were used—they brought benefit.

The story was told to Wilmington residents.

Time has strengthened the evidence.

Has proven the result lasting.

The testimony is home testimony—

The proof convincing.

It can be investigated by Wilmington residents.

J. F. Hansley, 406 Walnut St., Wilmington, says: "My back and kidneys troubled me a great deal and I think it was due to my being on my feet so much. I suffered from dull, dragging backaches and I couldn't stoop without having sharp twinges in my loins. The kidney secretions were too frequent in passage and contained sediment. I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Bellamy's Drug Store and in a few days the pains and aches left." (Statement given Feb. 25, 1908.)

OVER TWO YEARS LATER Mr. Hansley said: "I have not had occasion to use a kidney medicine since Doan's Kidney Pills gave me lasting benefit."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy — get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Hansley had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of North Carolina, passed at its session for the year A. D. 1915, entitled "An Act to Charter the City of Wilmington," and a resolution duly passed by the City Council of the City of Wilmington, and by the City Board of Elections for said City, adopted on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1915, a special election is hereby called and ordered to be held in the City of Wilmington and in the territory described in said Act, on Tuesday, the 30th day of March, A. D. 1915, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters of the City of Wilmington and in the territory described in said Act, the question of the ratification of said Act by the voters of said City, and the territory covered in said Act, as, and for, the charter of the City of Wilmington, at which said election those favoring the adoption of said Act as the charter of the City of Wilmington shall vote a written or printed ballot containing the words "For Charter," and those opposed to the adoption of said Act shall vote a written or printed ballot containing the words "Against Charter;" and that an entire new registration has been ordered for said election, and the registration books for the registration of electors, desiring to vote in said election shall be opened on Tuesday, the 9th day of March, A. D. 1915, and shall continue to be kept open up to and including the second Saturday preceding said election, Sundays excepted; and that the books will be kept open for the registration of electors residing in the various precincts, from 9 o'clock A. M. until 5 o'clock P. M. on each registration day except Saturdays, on which days the said registration books shall be kept open for registration until 9 o'clock P. M., on said day; and only those electors registering as required by law will be allowed to vote in said election.

That there have been established only six election precincts in the territory covered by said Act, namely: One precinct for each ward: The First Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the First Ward; The Second Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Second Ward; The Third Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Second Ward; The Fourth Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Fourth Ward; The Fifth Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Fifth Ward; The Sixth Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Sixth Ward.

That the following named polling places, registrars and judges of elections have been named and designated for the purpose of holding and conducting said election, to-wit:

First Ward Precinct:
Polling Place—Engine House, 4th and Campbell streets.
Registrar—W. McD. Evans.
Poll Holders and Judges of Election—W. H. Howe, Willie Kerr.

Second Ward Precinct:
Polling Place—Court House of New Hanover County, in basement at northwestern corner of said building.
Registrar—W. W. Hodges.
Poll Holders and Judges of Election—E. H. Munson, C. H. Ward.

Third Ward Precinct:
Polling Place—Giblem Lodge, Eighth and Princess streets.
Registrar—J. R. Davis.
Poll Holders and Judges of Election—Sam Wood, Norcum Hewlett.

Fourth Ward Precinct:
Polling Place — McClellan's Stables, No. 116 Dock street.
Registrar—F. W. Peiffer.
Poll Holders and Judges of Election—W. A. Spooner, J. O. Reilly.

Fifth Ward Precinct.
Polling Place—New Engine House, Fifth and Castle streets.
Registrar—R. H. Orrell.
Poll Holders and Judges of Election—Ike Burriss, W. W. Sellers.

Sixth Ward Precinct:
Polling Place—Mann's Store, Seventeenth and Market streets.
Registrar—J. F. Mann.
Poll Holders and Judges of Election—J. H. Womble, J. D. Edwards.

The polls will be opened on the day of election at 8 o'clock A. M., and remain open until sunset of said day, and no longer.

Each registrar will keep the registration books open for the registration of electors residing in the respective precincts, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5o'clock P. M., beginning Tuesday, March 9th, up to and including the second Saturday preceding said election, Sunday excepted, except on Saturdays, when the said registration books shall be kept open from 9 o'clock A. M. until 9 o'clock P. M. No registration will be allowed on election day except to such persons as shall give satisfactory evidence to the registrar and the judges of election that he has become of the age of twenty-one years, or otherwise has become qualified to register and vote since the registration books closed. On the second Saturday before the election, the registration books will also be open at the polling places in the voting precincts for the inspection of the electors of the precinct, and to enable challenges to be made of the right of any person to vote in said election whose name appears thereon, and if any person is objected to, notice will be given him and a hearing granted as provided by law.

The registras and judges of said election have been notified of their appointment and of the polling places, and required to take the oath prescribed by law, and will be furnished with the necessary books and ballots for conducting said election, and all vacancies occurring among registrars and judges of election will be filled and the returns from said election will be received as required by law.

If a majority of the electors voting in said election shall vote for "For Charter," the said Act will then become the charter of the City of Wilmington, but if a majority of the votes cast in said election shall be cast "Against Charter," the said Act will not then become the charter of the City of Wilmington.

By order of the City Council and City Board of Elections.

THOMAS D. MEARES,
City Clerk and Treasurer of the City of Wilmington.
mh8 to mh28

We Are Giving Away

The finest grade of Aluminum Kitchen Ware that is manufactured, consisting of every utensil used in kitchen service, each article sells for $2.50.

Inquire at the Cash Desk and Get Your Premium Card

We have gone through our stock and selected such articles as must be sacrificed to make room for Spring Goods, and will have them on sale this week at about one half of the original price. This is the time that the wise buyer makes the Dollar go Twice as Far.

You will find Blankets, Comforts, Winter Underwear, Overcoats, Heavy Hose, Felt Hats, and All Winter Goods so cheap that you can well afford to buy at present prices and carry them until needed. We cannot afford to carry them over, but you can.

GAYLORD-PLATT COMPANY
210-212-214 North Front St.

The Busiest Spot in Town

Hanby's Hardware Store,
29 SO. FRONT ST.

All day long we were busy with a continual stream of discriminating buyers, and they all left well satisfied with their bargains in

Crockery, Hardware, Tools, Canoes, Tents, House Furnishing Goods, Motor Boat Supplies, Heaters and Ranges, Gasoline Engines, and Sporting Goods and Farming Implements.

W. B. THORPE & CO.
Coal and Builders' Supplies
Prompt Service and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

CLINCHFIELD PORTLAND CEMENT
Blue Seal Cement Plaster
Washington Finish Hydrated Lime
Shingles—Shingles—Shingles
Million Brick
'PHONE 154.
Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

STRUCTURAL WORK

BEAMS	COAL SHUTTERS	STAIRWAYS
ANGLES	CHIMNEY BRACES	FIRE ESCAPES
CHANNELS	DOOR PLATES	STAR WASHERS
VENTILATORS	JOIST HANGERS	

We make the Iron for all Builder at Right Prices. We carry the stock and get your orders out prompt. It pays to SEE US when it's made of Iron, Steel, Brass, or Other Metals

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS
"THE IRON MEN" FOOT OF ORANGE STREET

Everybody Reads the Star Business Locals

WALKER CARRIED BACK TO BRUNSWICK COUNTY

Turned Over to Sheriff Robertson Yesterday

Slayer of Sheriff Stanland Says He Came Back Purposely to Stand Trial—"Life a Hell" for the Past Six Years.

Handcuffed and shackled, and with his arms bound behind his back with ropes, Jesse C. Walker, who, after six years of liberty following his escape from the jail at Southport, where he was confined awaiting trial for killing Sheriff Jackson Stanland, of Brunswick county, in the fall of 1909, was arrested by police and county officers here Sunday, was removed from the New Hanover jail yesterday afternoon and taken to Southport in the automobile of Sheriff Jno. E. Robertson, of Brunswick. Two deputies, Messrs. R. D. White and Dan Hewett, accompanied Sheriff Robertson and his prisoner on the trip. A one-week term of Superior Court begins at Southport next Monday and Walker may be placed on trial at this term.

More than 100 people had gathered in front of the jail yesterday afternoon to get a glimpse of the man who six years ago led armed posses and bloodhounds through the mazes of the Green Swamp for nearly two weeks, finally shaking off all pursuit, and who since that time, with a price of nearly $1,000 on his head, has eluded arrest until Sunday. The crowd was so thick around the jail that the officers had to clear a way to get their prisoner to the automoblie, and Walker took occasion to make a short talk to the people assembled, warning them never to carry guns, ascribing his plight to the fact that he had carried such weapons, and telling his hearers that such a habit is sure to get one into trouble.

Walker talked freely to officers and others when seen at the jail yesterday. One of his first callers yesterday morning was Sheriff Jno. E. Robertson, of Brunswick county, who was with Sheriff Stanland when the latter arrested Walker, after being fatally wounded by him, at his home at Shallotte. At that time Sheriff Robertson was a deputy sheriff, and it was he who first placed hands on Walker when the shooting occurred. He had grabbed Walker by his arms from behind, but was unable to prevent him from drawing an automatic pistol, which he emptied at the officers. Three of the bullets entered Sheriff Stanland's body, and with his weapon almost empty Walker twisted his arm around and fired at Sheriff Robertson, behind him, the bullet passing through the officer's coat and vest and cutting his belt.

Accompanying Sheriff Robertson when he went to the jail yesterday morning were Sheriff Cowan, of this county; ex-Sheriff J. J. Knox, of Brunswick county, chairman of the Board of Commissioners, who led the memorable man hunt for Walker following his escape from the Southport jail; several deputies and others.

Walker greeted the officers very calmly and without any show of anger or resentment, though he told them frankly that he did not like the idea of being taken back to Southport to be jailed. He asked Sheriff Robertson why he couldn't stay in the New Hanover jail until his trial, but the officer told him that he would nave to go back to Brunswick, assuring him that he would get justice there.

"You had better let me stay here," Walker answered. "I'll be all right here, but take me to Southport and there is liable to be trouble."

Walker told those with whom he conversed yesterday that he came back purposely to stand trial, and he also told a newspaper man that his arrest Sunday afternoon was prearranged with the officers, though he would not go into details about this. He stated to Jailer John Branch that he recognized the officers when they approached him Sunday afternoon, but that he was tired of being a fugitive and did not care to resist.

"I've been in hell for six years," he told Mr. Branch, "and I'm tired of it. I've come back to stand trial, and all I ask is a square deal."

He denied all the rumors as to his having been in trouble elsewhere since his escape from Southport six years ago, and that he had killed one or more men since that time. He declared that he never hurt any man except Sheriff Stanland, and that he shot then on the impulse of the moment, and believing that he was within his rights in defending himself in his own home. He said that he had been in many different States during the past six years, also in South America and Australia.

Walker yesterday retained Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq., and Jno. D. Bellamy & Son to defend him, and the attorneys say that he has a good defense. Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq., discussing the case yesterday, said that while he had not investigated thoroughly, it appeared that there was a strong probability that when Sheriff Stanland and his officers went to arrest Walker in 1909, when the shooting occurred, no warrant had been drawn for his arrest, and that if this was the case the officers entered Walker's home illegally.

On the occasion referred to, it will be remembered, Sheriff Stanland and his officers went to the home of Walker's father-in-law, Mr. Leonard, at Shallotte, to arrest him on a charge of being a deserter from the United States army, and also on suspicion of being involved in a number of store-breakings.

The shooting of Sheriff Stanland and Walker's escape later on, following probably the most sensational man hunt Eastern North Carolina has ever known, gave to the case at the time a Statewide interest, and this has been revived by Walker's arrest here Sunday. The outcome will be awaited with interest all over the State.

The matter of the reward for the local officers for Walker's arrest has not been settled as yet. Chairman J. J. Knox, of the Brunswick Board of Commissioners, who was in the city yesterday, told the officers that he would take it up at the meeting of his board next Monday. At the time of his escape the total rewards offered for Walker's capture, dead or alive, amounted to about $850. Most of these offers, so far as can be ascertained, are still standing.

FRENCH MILLINERY SHOP.
Opening, Tuesday, March 9th.

ESTIMATES TO BE RECEIVED

Work on Some of River and Harbor Improvements in North Carolina May be Curtailed.

Although estimates sent out from Washington by newspaper men would indicate that the new river and harbor bill will allow North Carolina in the neighborhood of $650,000, it is not at all certain that this will be the case. The original estimates were for approximately $700,000 for improvements of projects in this district. Congress appropriated a lump sum of $25,000,000 to continue projects now being improved, and makes available $5,000,000 from unusued balances which is a reduction of about 40 per cent from the amount originally contemplated.

The first bill introduced in Congress appropriated over $49,000,000. Even at the best only $30,000,000 will be used under the new river and harbor bill. Should there be a reduction of 40 per cent in the amount appropriated fro this district there would be only about $425,000 provided for this district or less than the amounts originally appropriated for the continuance of the improvements of the present projects on the Cape Fear river alone. However, it is hoped that this district will be one of the favored ones.

Maj. H. W. Stickle, United States district engineer, stated yesterday that he was unable to say just what would be done in this district. He will go over the work to be done in the district and will make his recommendations to the Chief of Engineers at Washington. Other districts will be required to do the same and after the recommendations are all in, the revised estimates will be made.

In the first bill $271,000 was appropriated for the Cape Fear above Wilmington to get a depth of eight feet and $205,000 for the Cape Fear at and below Wilmington. It is not expected that this work will be curtailed to any considerable extent but it is entirely possible that some of the projects in the districts will have to go over until later. This will not be determined, however, until the Chief of Engineers makes his estimates.

BEFORE THE RECORDER

Thirteen Negroes Up on Gambling Charges—Numerous Trivial Cases.

Thirteen negroes were before the Recorder yesterday on charges of gambling. As it appeared that they had not been playing for large amounts, the game being what is familiarly known among the colored population as "skin," each was taxed with one-third of the costs in one case with the exception of two who were found not guilty. Those required to pay the costs were: Charlie Parker, James Guthrie, John McDonald, Cass Hall, George Allen, Willie Ellerby, Robert McNeal, Walter Burney, Minerva Jones, Virgil Nixon and Wash Bullock. Cass Goodall was found not guilty and a nol pros with leave was taken in a case against James Evans.

J. H. Wierse, white, was fined $5 and the costs on a charge of resisting an officer. Judgment was suspended upon payment of the costs in cases against D. G. Callahan, charged with throwing glass on the streets and with disorderly conduct.

Maggie Knox, colored, who charged Alex. Hall, also colored, with assaulting her, was taxed with the costs for malicious and frivolous prosecution. Laura Graham, colored, was taxed with the costs on a charge of disorderly conduct. William Walker, colored, charged with assault on a female, was taxed with the costs. Henderson Hayes, colored, was found not guilty of charges of assault with a deadly weapon and with carrying concealed weapons.

MR. E. H. FARRIS DEAD

Uncle of Mr. W. T. Farris Passed Away at Washington, N. C., Sunday.

Mr. W. T. Farris received a telegram Sunday announcing the sudden death of his youngest uncle, Mr. E. H. Farris, while visiting at Washington, N. C. The deceased had lived in High Point for a number of years and had a host of friends in that city. He was called last week to Washington on account of the illness of his wife's father, who died early Sunday morning. When the news was brought to Mr. Farris, he suffered a severe shock which resulted in death in a few minutes.

He was born in Raleigh and was 37 years old. He entered Wake Forest at the early age of 13 and completed the course in three years. Desiring to practice law he took up the study of that profession and later studied in the law office of Judge Colburn in Colorado. Leaving that state he went to New York and became private secretary to one of the officers of the Eastman Company.

He continued his law studies while in New York and in 1903 entered the law school of the University of North Carolina where he remained for three years, graduating in 1906 and obtaining his license in the same year. He took up the practice of law in High Point but later became associated with his brother, Mr. J. J. Farris, editor of the High Point Enterprise. Surviving also is another brother, Rev. C. S. Farris, of Deland, Fla.

STEAMER NEW ORLEANS IN PLACE OF HENRY WILLIAMS

Two Steamers of Baltimore—Carolina Line at Port at Once.

In the place of the steamer Henry Williams, which arrived at a European port the latter part of last week with a cargo of cotton, the Merchants and Miners' steamer, New Orleans, chartered by the Baltimore-Carolina Steamship Company, arrived in port yesterday from Baltimore, with part cargo of merchandise for Wilmington, and cleared later in the day for Georgetown. While the New Orleans was docked at the company's wharf at the foot of Grace street, the steamer Matilda Weems, of the same line, arrived from Georgetown and was delayed by having to wait for the New Orleans to leave the dock. This is the first time the northbound and southbound steamers of this line have been here at once.

The Clyde steamer Seminole cleared yesterday for Georgetown.

The United States buoy tender Wisteria arrived at Wilmington yesterday from Charleston on her annual inspection of the buoys of the Cape Fear river.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: L. Clayton Grant and wife to R. D. Brown for $1,250, tract in Harnett township, adjoining the Everett Homestead tract and containing 63 acres; Marion L. Winner and wife to Alexander W. Pate and Joseph J. Loughlin, for $100 and other considerations, tract at Carolina Beach, containing 21 3-4 acres.

NEW ENTRANCE FOR OAKDALE

Contract Let for Improvement at Cemetery to Cost About $2,500.—Located on South Side.

The contracts for new gates for the entrance to Oakdale cemetery from Fifteenth street were awarded at a meeting of the directors yesterday afternoon. The improvements which were decided upon at the last meeting of the lot owners of the cemetery will cost in the neighborhood of $2,500. Work will be started at once and it is expected that it will be completed within 60 days.

The contract for the brick and stone work and the erection of the frame lodge house was awarded to Rhodes & Underwood and the Wilmington Iron Works was given the contract for the ornamental gates. Mr. Jas. F. Gause, the architect, prepared the plans and will have general supervision of the work.

The entrance will be constructed of gun metal tapestry work with Indiana limestone trimmings. The lodge will be a frame building with pergolas on each end for vines. The floors of both the lodge and the pergolas will be of brick.

The new entrance will be on the south side of the cemetery, five blocks from the car line on Princess street.

MR. M. H. COX SELLS INTEREST IN WOODALL & SHEPPARD STORE

Popular Young Druggist Will be Succeeded by Dr. Jas. D. Nutt.

His friends and the public generally will be interested to know that Mr. M. H. Cox has disposed of his interest in the Woodall & Sheppard corporation to Dr. T. F. Costner, president of the company, and that Dr. Jas. D. Nutt, of this city, will succeed Mr. Cox behind the prescription counter at the Woodall & Sheppard drug store, corner of Front and Princess streets.

Mr. Cox came to Wilmington with the Woodall & Sheppard store when it moved here from Charlotte about a year ago, and he was with the company in Charlotte for a number of years before the store was moved. He is a most clever and capable young business man, and has made a host of friends in Wilmington during the year that he has been a resident of this city.

He has not as yet, definitely decided as to what he will give his attention to in the future, as he has several propositions which he is considering. The probability is, however, that he will remove from Wilmington, a fact which will be regretted by all his friends here.

He will be at the store for a few days yet, and will then probably visit his home in Charlotte for a time before deciding where he will locate.

Dr. Nutt, who will be with Woodall & Sheppard after Mr. Cox removes, is a well known local druggist, with years of practical experience, who commands the friendship and esteem of a wide circle of acquaintances, not only in Wilmington but throughout the eastern section of the State.

MR. W. J. HART DEAD

Respected Wilmington Citizen Died at Walker Memorial Hospital.

Many friends will learn with regret of the death of Mr. W. J. Hart, of Wilmington, which occurred yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the James Walker Memorial Hospital. He was in the 61st year of his age. The funeral will be held from the Church of the Good Shepherd this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The services will be conducted by Rev. W. E. Cox, rector of St. John's Episcopal church. The interment will be in Bellevue cemetery.

The deceased was a member of the Church of the Good Shepherd. He was a carpenter by trade and was a member of the Carpenters and Joiners' Union, No. 477.

Surviving him besides his wife are four sons, LeRoy, Hiram, W. J., Jr., and Thomas N. P. Hart; four brothers, Mr. Benton Hart, Clarkton; Mr. James Hart, Waycross, Ga.; Mr. Harvey Hart, Manchester, N. C., and Mr. Joseph Hart, Lobelia, N. C.; three sisters, Mrs. Sallie Blake, Cameron; Mrs. Mattie Webster, Hope Mills, and Miss Mary A. Hart, Manchester, N. C. The bereaved family will have the sympathy of many friends.

The members of local Union, No. 477, Carpenters and Joiners of America, are called to attend the funeral this afternoon. The deceased lived at No. 508 Queen street and the members will meet there.

PRESENTED HIS COMMISSION.

Mr. L. J. Zibelin Complied With Postoffice Regulations.

Mr. L. J. Zibelin, of Canetuck, who received his commission as postmaster at that place last September, has not yet been able to qualify for the position, owing to the fact, it is stated, that the present postmistress, Mrs. T. B. Long, refuses to give up the place. Mr. Zibelin says that he went to the office and presented his commission in the presence of witnesses and that she refused to vacate.

He came to Wilmington a few days ago and requested that the matter be taken up through official channels. However, nothing has yet been done and Mrs. Long is still postmistress.

Mr. Zibelin states that he has complied with all the rules and regulations made and provided by the Postoffice Department and has been unable to get possession of the office. The matter has attracted considerable interest among the patrons.

Funeral of Mrs. Davis.

The funeral of Mrs. Nancy E. Davis was conducted from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Ennett, No. 715 North Third street, Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock by Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor of Calvary Baptist church. The interment was in Bellevue cemetery. The pall-bearers were Messrs. A. W. Allen, Martin Rathjen, J. M. McDougall, I. H. Davis, D. J. Watson and Frank Garrison.

Residence Struck by Lightning.

The residence of Mr. H. H. Hall at Carolina Place was struck by lightning Sunday afternoon during the thunderstorm and the chimney split open. None of the members of the family fortunately were hurt. The loss was covered with insurance which was carried with the agency of J. H. Boatwright & Son.

SELF-RELIANT HOME DOCTORS

is what women are called who all over this broad land make their annual collections of roots and herbs, and rely upon recipes which our pioneer mothers found dependable for different family ailments. In one of these recipes Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had its origin, and so successful has it proved that there is hardly a city, town or hamlet in America where some woman who has been restored to health by its use does not reside.

WHAT ABOUT PLAYGROUND

City Council Will be Requested to Make Provision for Developing Marine Hospital Site.

With only a few more weeks before summer is here those interested in the development of the vacant part of the Marine Hospital site from Eighth to Tenth street and from Ann nearly to Nun streets as a playground for children feel that it is time that something was being done. The government over a year ago, through the efforts of Sorosis, offered to donate the ground for a playground provided the city would improve it and put into suitable condition for such a purpose.

The city engineer made plans for certain improvements, but nothing more was ever done. The matter has been discussed but for various reasons no official action has ever been taken. City Council will be asked either at the meeting tomorrow or at a subsequent meeting to make some provision for opening the grounds this summer to the children.

It is pointed out by those interested that this is really one of the most commendable undertakings in which the city could engage. With no park available, the children are dependent upon the streets largely for recreation purposes. On account of automobiles and other traffic, the streets are not safe, it is stated, and it is incumbent upon the city to do something.

With a site already available which can be improved at a small cost, it is felt that the city cannot afford to allow the opportunity to pass. Even though the improvements for the present should not be extensive it is pointed out that even a step in the right direction will be worth a great deal.

MRS. HESTER C. BEACH DEAD

Former Wilmington Woman Passed Away at Burgaw Sunday.

Many friends in Wilmington and elsewhere will be deeply grieved to learn of the death of Mrs. Hester C. Beach, wife of Mr. W. J. Beach, which occurred at her home at Burgaw Sunday evening 8 o'clock. She was 56 years old. She lived in Wilmington until about six months ago when she removed to Burgaw.

Surviving her are two daughters, Mrs. J. O. Jones, of Pulow, Ga., and and Mrs. L. B. Murray, of Burgaw, and one sister, Miss Margaret Lanier, of Wilmington. The bereaved family will have the tender sympathy of a host of friends.

The remains will be brought to Wilmington on this morning's train and will be taken to Calvary Baptist church, where the funeral will be held at 10:30 o'clock. The services will be conducted by Rev. J. A. Sullivan. The interment will be in Bellevue cemetery.

LECTURES ON EUROPE.

Rev. C. T. Rogers Made Address at Trinity Church Last Night.

An address of much interest was made at Trinity Methodist church last night by a former pastor, Rev. C. T. Rogers, now pastor of the churches at Richlands and Jacksonville, N. C. Mr. Rogers was in Europe last summer when the present European war was declared and had some thrilling experiences. The lecture was given under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society and the Philathea classes of the church.

Mr. Rogers is in Wilmington to attend a meeting of the Methodist pastors of the Wilmington District which will be held at Grace Methodist church today and tomorrow. This is known as the Ministerial Institute and is held every year. Most of the pastors will arrive in the city today.

DEBATERS ARE SELECTED.

Will Represent Wilmington High School in State Contest.

Debaters to represent the Wilmington High School in debates with Durham and Goldsboro High Schools were selected in a debate in the High School auditorium yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Those chosen were Messrs. Charles Hazlehurst, Clewell Howell, Ben Kaminsky and Clarence Sternberger. They will be trained under the direction of Mr. Heman Shaw, principal of the High School.

In addition to the members of the High School there were also a number of pupils from the Hemenway and Union schools present as well as a number of visitors. A short address was made by Mr. Chater, the writer, who is spending a few weeks in Wilmington with friends.

ANNUAL MEETING OF ELKS

Officers Will Be Elected for Ensuing Year Thursday Night.

The annual election of officers of Wilmington Lodge, No. 532, of Elks will be held Thursday night, March 11, at 8:15 o'clock. It is important that every member of the Lodge be present.

Notices have also been sent out by Exalted Ruler S. M. King and Secretary J. O. Reilly calling attention to the annual banquet which will be given on Thursday evening, March 18, at 5:30 o'clock. This will be an elaborate affair and it is expected that it will be largely attended. It will be given in the dining hall of the Elks' temple on North Front street.

Reward for Negro.

County officers here have been asked to look out for John Williams, colored, who last Friday fired three shots at Sheriff Taylor, of Lenoir county, and who made his escape after being arrested. Williams is described as being five feet eight inches tall, high cheek bones, tapering chin, several scars on face, with small curling moustache, and four gold teeth. A reward of $15 is offered for his capture.

Observe Week of Prayer.

The men of St. Paul's Lutheran church are observing this week as a week of prayer and the first service was held in the Luther Memorial building last night at 8:15 o'clock. Services will be held every night this week. All the men of the congregation are invited to attend.

Meeting of Veterans.

There will be a meeting of the Spanish war veterans tonight at 8 o'clock in the court house for the purpose of effecting a permanent organization. All the veterans in the city are urged to attend.

Toledo, Ohio, March 8.—The complaint of local Germans against Federal Judge Killits has been dismissed by the government. Killits made a speech recently in which he was declared to have said he did not care how soon somebody dropped a thousand bombs on Emperor William's head.

FRENCH MILLINERY SHOP.
Opening, Tuesday, March 9th.

March—Springtime

—The time to Start Things.

—The time to Start Life on a good basis.

—Life is Not on a Business Basis if You are Spending as Much as You Earn. No Progress; No Ambition.

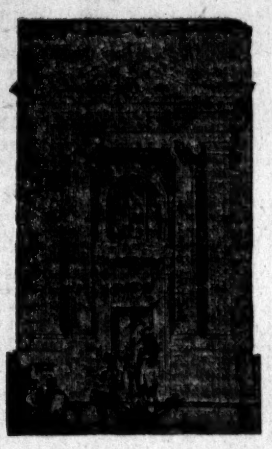
—You have to have capital. You must Save, to get that capital. Open an account with us; this will start you saving.

—Any Sum Over $1 will start a savings account.

"OLD AND STRONG"

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.



Thousands Use This Bank

Stability, complete service, courtesy and convenience are qualities that distinguish the **Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.**

This is the reason why so many people keep their savings accounts here and have us handle their estates, help them select their investments and protect their valuable papers and securities.

If you are seeking a banking connection or an advisory service, we can serve you.

Remember our convenient location at the very centre of the city.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

Capital, $100,000.00. Surplus, $250,000.00

110 PRINCESS STREET.

COL. VROOMAN ARRIVES TODAY

Prominent Mason to Address St. John's Lodge Tonight—Visit to Fort Fisher—Reception.

Col. John W. Vrooman, prominent in Masonic and political circles in New York State, who 50 years ago participated in the siege of Fort Fisher, will arrive in Wilmington today at noon from Pinehurst, N. C., where he is spending the winter, and will visit again the scenes he viewed as a soldier in the Northern army. This afternoon from 4 to 5 o'clock he will hold a reception at the Masonic Temple, when he hopes to greet again many of his former foes as fellow citizens of a reunited country. He hopes also to meet many of his Masonic brothers in the city.

Col. Vrooman will be taken tomorrow morning to Fort Fisher, where he will spend several hours visiting the scenes made memorable in battle during the War between the States. He will be accompanied by Confederate veterans and others. The automobile party will leave the Orton Hotel at 10 o'clock and will return to the city early in the afternoon. Among those who have offered machines to carry the local survivors to Fort Fisher are Messrs. Kure Brothers, N. M. McEachern, E. P. Bailey, H. E. Longley, W. P. McClaughon, W. A. McGirt, Dr. C. L. Pridgen and others.

At the regular communication of St. John's Lodge of Masons this evening, Col. Vrooman will make an address. Following the meeting, refreshments will be served. There will no doubt be a large attendance from all the Masonic bodies in the city.

MILLINERY OPENING TODAY

Latest Spring Creations to Be Shown at French Parlors.

Elsewhere in today's issue the French Millinery Parlors announce their spring opening, and extend to their friends an invitation to call and inspect their very complete line of all the latest creations in spring and summer hats and trimmings.

The French Millinery Store caters to a discriminating trade, and their line is always distinctive. The fashions this spring are said to be unusually pretty, and all styles and designs are represented in the attractive showing at the French parlors.

FACE COVERED WITH PIMPLES ALL HER LIFE

But Miss Ayres Got a 'Beautiful Complexion' at a Cost of Only $2.00

Nov. 23, 1914:—"All my life my face was covered completely with a mass of pimples, blackheads and blotches. I spent a lot of money on numerous remedies and treatments without success and no relief at all. I tried so many things that I was afraid my case could not be cured. Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap seemed to do me good right from the first. I used two jars of Resinol Ointment and some Resinol Soap, the total cost being only $2.00, and this completely cured my case. My skin is without a blemish and I am the possessor of a beautiful complexion." (Signed) Mabell Ayres, Stone Mountain, Va.

Every druggist sells Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment, and physicians have prescribed them for twenty years in the treatment of eczema and other tormenting skin troubles.

Bordeaux, (via Paris,) March 8.—Sarah Bernhardt's physicians today issued this bulletin: "Madame Bernhardt is able to sit up today. Her condition is excellent."

HELPLESS AS BACY

Down in Mind Unable to Work, and What Helped Her.

Summit Point, W. Va.—Mrs. Anna Belle Emey, of this place, says: "I suffered for 15 years with an awful pain in my right side, caused from womanly trouble, and doctored lots for it, but without success. I suffered so very much, that I became down in mind, and as helpless as a baby. I was in the worst kind of shape. Was unable to do any work.

I began taking Cardui, the woman's tonic, and got relief from the very first dose. By the time I had taken 12 bottles, my health was completely restored. I am now 48 years years old, but feel as good as I did when only 16.

Cardui certainly saved me from losing my mind, and I feel it my duty to speak in its favor. I wish I had some power over poor, suffering women, and could make them know the good it would do them."

If you suffer from any of the ailments peculiar to women, it will certainly be worth your while to give Cardui a trial. It has been helping weak women for more than 50 years, and will help you, too.

Try Cardui. Your druggist sells it.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for *Special Instructions* on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," in plain wrapper. N.C. 151

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Agnes L. Springer, deceased, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said Testatrix to present the same to me for payment on or before March 2nd, 1916, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

Dated this March 1st, 1915.

J. A. SPRINGER,
Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Agnes L. Springer.
mh2-1aw-tu-6t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

I have this day qualified as Executor of the last will and testament of Flora E. Currie, deceased, and I hereby notify all persons having claims against said testatrix to present the same to me, duly verified, on or before February 2, 1916, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

Dated this February 1, 1915.

D. C. LOVE,
Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Flora E. Currie.

NOTICE

Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company Auction Sale of Unclaimed and Refused Freight.

Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 17th, 1915.

By direction of the Freight Claim Agent, notice is hereby given that the following listed freight will be sold at public auction for freight and other charges at the A. C. L. Freight Warehouse in Wilmington, N. C., on Thursday, March 25th, 1915.

Goods sold without guarantee of quantity, quality or value. Sale will commence at 11 o'clock A. M.

Terms—Spot Cash.

J. A. HUSKE, R. A., A. C. L.,
Fayetteville, N. C.

1 Carload Cross Ties (A. C. L. 18371), From G. S. Ellis, consigned to G. T. & W. J. Flynn, Wilmington, N. C.

SEED POTATOES

Four car loads, genuine Maine grown Irish Cobblers, White and Red Bliss and Early R o to offer the trade, immediate shipment. Phone or write your order. Also full stock of canned goods, staple nd fancy groceries, drugs and sundries at wholesale.

A. B. Croom, Jr., Company

226 North Water Street,

DAINTY FLOUR

50 cts

Holmes Grocery

Phone 41 18 So. Front St.

Seed Potatoes

400 barrels Irish Cobblers.
100 barrels White Bliss.
200 barrels Red Bliss.
100 barrels Early Rose.
100 bushels Yellow Onion Sets.
50 bushels Silver Skin Onion Sets.
500 tons Assorted Fertilizers

All of which will be sold on a close margin. We solicit orders for immediate shipment, and guarantee the quality to be first class, and prices right.

J. W. BROOKS

WHOLESALE GROCER
Wilmington, N. C.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. J. J. Adams, Jr., and daughters, Frances and Virginia, are visiting Mrs. Adams' mother in Atlanta, Ga.

* * *

The weekly meeting of the class for the study of the Woman's Suffrage question will be held this afternoon.

* * *

Mrs. A. Dallam O'Brien and son have returned to their home at the Carolina Apartments after an absence of six weeks in Pennsylvania.

* * *

The finance committee of the Y. W. C. A. will meet at the association building this afternoon at 5 o'clock. The board of directors will meet Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

* * *

The regular semi-monthly meeting of the Housewives' League will be held this afterhood at 4 o'clock in the Merchants' exhibit room on Chestnut street. All members are urged to be present.

* * *

The regular meeting of the Lydia Yates Bible class of Grace Methodist church will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in the Junior room. This is an important meeting and all members are urged to be present.

* * *

The Ladies' Foreign Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian church will hold its regular monthly meeting Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the church parlors. All the ladies of the congregation are cordially invited to attend.

* * *

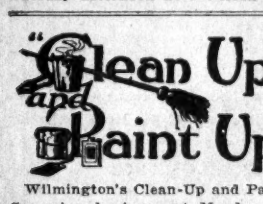
Mr. J. C. Welch, eastern representative of Bear & Co., of Wilmington, with headquarters at New Haven, Conn., after spending several days in this city with his family, who are visiting his sister, Mrs. J. W. Brown, will leave tomorrow night for New York.

* * *

The members of North Carolina Sorosis, realizing the value to Wilmington as an educational feature of the Chautauqua to be given here in April, are giving it very active support, and to encourage it and insure that it will be even more of a success this year than last, they have undertaken to place several hundred tickets among the membership of Sorosis and the friends of the organization.

* * *

North Carolina Sorosis will make a special effort to collect, during the clean-up campaign next week, all forms of old rubber, which is saleable, and to this end the club is asking that housewives save all the old rubber they may have around the house, including discarded fruit jar bands, old rubber shoes, worn out garden hose, etc., all of which will be acceptable. The old rubber may be sent to the club house at 116 North Third street. The president of Sorosis, if notified, will send for it.



Wilmington's Clean-Up and Paint-Up Campaign begins next Monday morning, and during the week that follows it is expected the city will be vastly improved in appearance, provided the citizens will co-operate in the movement as thoroughly as they did last year. This year's campaign, however, is expected to be even more successful than last, because of the fact that the paint-up feature will be urged this year along with the cleaning up of premises, while last year's campaign was more particularly devoted to the latter feature.

The movement here is a part of the third national clean-up and paint-up campaign, and Mr. John C. McAllister, superintendent of streets, who will direct the local campaign, has the co-operation of the National Clean-Up and Paint-Up Campaign Bureau, located in St. Louis, in the way of suggestions, advertising material, etc.

The Clean-Up and Paint-Up movement has had wonderful growth all over the country, and it is recognized as one of the leading factors in promoting civic pride and appreciation for the city beautiful. Former Governor Curtis Guild, of Massachusetts, during the campaign in Boston in 1914, addressed the following open letter to the chairman of the committee in charge:

"Mr. Dear Mr. Morton:—I was exceedingly sorry that a previous engagement occupying the dinner hour and the entire evening, prevented my acceptance of your kind invitation to speak Tuesday evening at Ford Hall, in regard to the clean-up and paint-up movement. This is the season to renovate and renew, not merely the interior, but the exterior of our houses and places of business.

"The outside as well as the inside deserves attention. The interior of our homes affects ourselves, but the appearance of the exterior affects the entire community. I have been particularly struck recently, and on some of the best thoroughfares in Boston, with the dinginess and ugliness of the signs, so defaced have they become with wind and weather. The French have taught us that a poster may attract the eye as an advertisement and yet be inoffensive and even decorative.

"We are seeking to attract business and tax-payers to Boston and to Massachusetts. The impression made by our state and city on the visitor depends, not merely on statistics or even on the condition of our streets and parks, it depends also on the appearance of our houses and even on the grass plats in front of them. The most hideous of homes may be made attractive by window gardens and flowers and climbing vines. This lesson has been taught by some of the poorest of the poor, whose love for flowers made even unsightly tenements beautiful.

"Sincerely trusting that the same results may follow in your movements for a brighter and more beautiful state and city, believe me,

"Faithfully yours,

(Signed) "CURTIS GUILD."

"Boston, April 22, 1914."

LOCAL DOTS.

—Suit in forma pauperis was started in Superior Court yesterday by J. W. Gleason against D. E. Matthews, guardian of DeOrmond E. Matthews, minor heir of Annie Glisson Matthews, deceased. Scull & McNorton represent the plaintiff.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Col. George H. Bellamy, of Brunswick county, special agent of the Department of Commerce, is spending a few days in the city on official business.

—The many friends of Capt. W. H. Pemberton, who recently underwent an operation at the James Walker Memorial Hospital, will be glad to learn that he has sufficient recovered to return to his home.

REPORTS MADE OF PROGRESS OF SUFFRAGE IN THE SOUTH.

At Mississippi Valley Woman Suffrage Conference Yesterday.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 8.—Reports on the progress of woman suffrage campaigns in the South were made by Southern women at the annual meeting here today of the Mississippi Valley Suffrage Congerence. Miss Kate M. Gordon, Louisiana; Miss Laura Clay, Kentucky, and Mrs. Pattay R. Jacobs, Alabama, were speakers.

Washington, March 8.—The comptroller of the currency today issued a call for the condition of all National banks at the close of business Thursday, March 4.

ROTARY LUNCH TOMORROW

Noon-Day Affair at Hotel Wilmington. Prominent Visitors From Richmond to Attend.

Mr. R. R. King, of Richmond, international vice-president of the Rotary Clubs, and Messrs. R. R. King, and Harold Bloomberg, both directors of the Richmond, Va., Rotary Club, will be the guests of honor at an informal noon-day Rotary luncheon given by the Wilmington Rotary Club, at the Hotel Wilmington tomorrow, from 1 to 2:30 P. M.

The visitors will arrive in the city on an early train tomorrow morning, and will be shown over the city and surrounding section in automobiles by a committee from the local club.

At the luncheon they will deliver addresses on the aims and objects of the Rotary organization, and tell something of the working plans of the Richmond Club, which is one of the strongest and livest in the country, and which has done much to promote the interests of the Virginia city.

Mr. Morton has visited Wilmington before, and it was largely through his efforts that the movement that culminated in the successful organization of a Rotary Club here was first launched. The other two gentlemen, while strangers, are as thoroughly imbued with the Rotary spirit as is Mr. Morton, and they are enthusiastic boosters for the idea.

A number of prominent local business and professional men have been invited to attend the luncheon tomorrow, and it is expected that the attendance will be large. The affair is to be entirely of an informal nature, and is planned as a get-together meeting for the membership of the Wilmington Club and some of their friends.

In addition to the talks by the visitors, there will be a number of five-minute talks by members of the local organization.

NO MERRY WIDOWS IN CHINA.

Women in Land of the Dragon Held Responsible for Death of Husbands.

(From the Chicago Herald.)

There are no merry widows in China. When a Chinese husband dies his widow is despised by every member of her family as a woman who has incurred the wrath of the gods.

This and other conditions among the Chinese women was described by Miss Hie-Ding Lin, at a meeting of the Women's Trade Union League in Schiller hall. Miss Lin is a senior medical student at the University of Illinois.

"Widows are not the only sufferers in China," she said. "After a formal introduction it is customary for one to ask, 'May I know your honorable age?' in order to determine the correct form of address.

"An older person is addressed by one form of 'you' while a person younger than one's self is addressed by another form.

"The teachings of Confucius were blamed for the condition of Chinese women.

"'Ignorance is woman's virtue,' is a teaching of Confucius, which every man bears in mind," said Miss Lin. "The chief vices of women, according to Confucius, are that they eat and talk too much and fail to obey their mothers-in-law.

"Only when a woman becomes a mother-in-law does she obtain complete liberty."

Miss Lin added that in China it is commonly believed wohen have no souls.

MONKEY IN THE BANDBOX

Cloakroom Attendant Gets a Shock When "Hat" Comes to Life

(From the New York Times)

In the cloakroom at the Vanderbilt on Wednesday night there was a commotion which sent Mike, the attendant, leaping over the counter in search of Thomas O'Malley, superintendent of service; Mike's face was pale, and he gasped: "Please, Mr. O'Malley, come quick; it's a leprochaun!"

A short time before a young woman had come into the hotel with a hatbox. This the attendant readily agreed to check. A little later, happening to glance at it, he saw it move.

As his hair went skyward the attendant beheld the box roll over, apparently from no cause. Plaintive little squeaks issued from what was supposed to contain a hat. Just then the top came off, and a tiny face, with hair surrounding it, appeared, followed later by a figure which sprang out. Almost simultaneously the attendant vaulted the counter.

The monkey was caught before he got far, and the attendant, when he realized that it was not a spook that had sprung out of the bandbox, became calm, and had a good time petting the monkey—at a safe distance—until its owner had finished her dinner.

MARKED SINGLENESS OF MIND DISPLAYED

By Queen Wilhelmina With Her Cabinet and People.

In Determination to Uphold Dignity as Well as Neutrality of Holland. Queen's Popularity Increases With the Years.

(Correspondence of Associated Press.)

The Hague, Holland, Feb. 25.—Queen Wilhelmina has displayed wonderful singleness of mind with her cabinet and her people in their determination to uphold the dignity as well as the neutrality of Holland. The Queen's popularity has, if possible, increased with her years, and the government, the foreign relations, the defenses and the social condition of The Netherlands are her constant care.

At the beginning of hostilities, the Queen and her ministers immediately recognized the delicate situation of The Netherlands, lying on the seashore together with Belgium as a buffer between the powerful German and British empires and with its territory temptingly open to violation by either belligerent.

The Dutch cabinet, always acting in conjunction with the young monarch, decided to call its defensive forces to arms and The Netherlands troops were, in fact, completely mobilized and prepared for eventualities even before the armies of the warring powers had been brought up to war footing. Since those anxious days in the beginning of August The Netherlands army has been in constant training under the watchful eye of its commander-in-chief and ruler, who day after day rides out on horse-back to some point of military concentration and inspects the men, from whom she often inquires personally as to their comfort and condition.

The soldiers, kept away from their families for months, although their country is not at war, are greatly cheered by these visits. The Queen shows them every sympathy and encourages them to exercise patience in carrying out their trying patriotic duties.

Her Majesty decided to refrain from ceremonjal functions while the war continued and her meetings with courtiers and diplomats have been of a purely informal nature ever since the war began.

The Queen's mode of living is of the utmost plainness consonant with her position. She is as a rule kept busy with State affairs but every moment when she can break away from her sovereign duties is given to the supervision of the training and education of her little daughter, the Princess Juliana.

Prince Henry, the Queen's consort, has entirely obliterated his personality from Dutch affairs of state during these trying times and he never by any chance interferes in the politics of the country of his adoption. As president of the Dutch Red Cross he recently paid a visit to the interned troops—Belgian, British and German—and among them found some wounded Mecklenburg soldiers to whom he spoke in their own dialect and afterwards sent them and their fellow prisoners some comforts. He devotes himself to the Red Cross and other benevolent institutions most of the time, but at other times he takes his sporting rifle and gives himself up to the chase over the royal country estate. Altogether the prince has succeded in winning for himself since his marriage to the Queen a great amount of real respect among the Dutch people.

HER "HUNCH" REVEALS THIEF.

By Giving Up Luncheon Date Woman Saves Lot of Valuables.

(From the Los Angeles Times.)

Seized with the premonition that danger was lurking about her, Mrs. Alma Erkes, of 634 South Union avenue, broke a luncheon engagement she had with her sister yesterday and hurried home. She discovered a burglar inside preparing to leave with several hundred dollars' worth of loot. Mrs. Erkes gave the alarm to neighbors, but before aid came the thief had made his escape.

Mrs. Erkes left her home early in the morning and met her sister, Mrs. Mary Lehr, of Romona, the two having planned to take luncheon at one of the leading cafes. They were on their way to the resaurant when Mrs. Erkes suddenly became nervous. She declared she did not know what was the matter, but she felt that something was wrong at home. Despite the protests of her sister, she summoned a taxicab and departed.

Mrs. Erkes was soon convinced that her premonition was true. Arriving home, she found a hole in the plate glass of the rfont door and inside she saw a burglar at work. He had gathered all of her jewelry and a large number of pretty and valuable things which she had purchased for Christmas presents, and was in the act of thrusting them into a bag when she screamed.

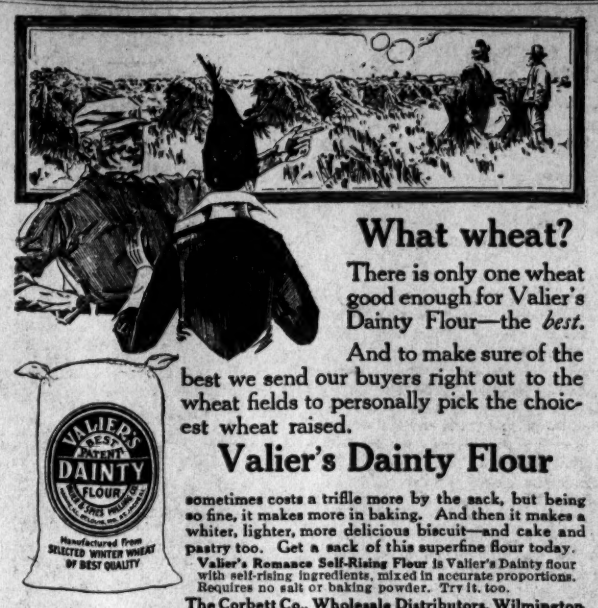
Thoroughly frightened, the burglar ran to the rear of the house and jumped headlong through a window. Neighbors joined Mrs. Erkes in chasing the man, but got no trace of him.

Bangor, Me., March 8. — The preliminary hearing in the case of Werner Horn, charged with illegal transportation of explosives, will be held March 18. This date was lxed by United States Commissioner Reid, before whom Horn pleaded not guilty today. The prisoner was held in default of $10,000 bail.

Acute Articular Rheumatism

Relieved By Anti-Kamnia Tablets

The exact cause of rheumatism is unknown, though it is generally believed to be due to an excess of uric acid in the blood. It may be also said with equal truth that no remedy has been found which is a specific in all cases. In fact the literature of rheumatism shows that there are but few drugs which have not been given a trial. In the hands of one observer we find that a certain drug has been used with the utmost satisfaction; others have found the same remedy to be a great disappointment. All physicians however agree that every method of treatment is aided by the administration of some remedy to relieve the pain and quiet the nervous system and Dr. W. S. Schultze expresses the opinion of thousands of practitioners when he says that Anti-kamnia Tablets should be given preference over all other remedies for the relief of the pain in all forms of rheumatism. These tablets can be purchased in any quantity. They are also unsurpassed in headaches, neuralgias and all pain. Ask for A-K Tablets.



What wheat?

There is only one wheat good enough for Valier's Dainty Flour—the *best*.

And to make sure of the best we send our buyers right out to the wheat fields to personally pick the choicest wheat raised.

Valier's Dainty Flour

sometimes costs a trifle more by the sack, but being so fine, it makes more in baking. And then it makes a whiter, lighter, more delicious biscuit—and cake and pastry too. Get a sack of this superfine flour today.

Valier's Romance Self-Rising Flour is Valier's Dainty flour with self-rising ingredients, mixed in accurate proportions. Requires no salt or baking powder. Try it, too.

The Corbett Co., Wholesale Distributors, Wilmington

AYRES JITNEY BUS DREAM SHATTERED.

But for Rockefeller Popular Director Might Have Been Trust Magnate.

Expressions of sympathy and letters of condolence are pouring in from all over the country on Mr. Sydney Ayres, director and leading man of the Big U. company.

Not satisfied with his success as a motion picture star and director, Mr. Ayres awoke one morning with a brilliant idea. He would seek other fields in which to display his talents as a director. He would become a trust magnate. So he forthwith started in to corner the market on "jitney busses," a jitney in California being a five-cent auto bus.

He let it become known that he was in the market to buy up all the jitney buses in Southern California. The moment the magic word was spread, Mr. Ayres' troubles began. By the time he had contracted for the purchase of about 40,000 jitneys, a new and unexpected problem arose.

How much gasoline would it take to run them all? Great Caesar! When he figured it out, he got a headache. He saw at once that he would have to corner the gasoline market.

Now comes the sad part of the story. While it isn't generally known, Mr. Ayres and John D. Rockefeller have been friends for many years, and not wishing to hurt John D.'s feelings, so Ayres says, he paid the price of friendship and reluctantly dropped his big plan.

And Sydney is still directing and playing in the movies with greater zest than ever.—Photoplay News Service.

Washington, March 8.—Formal announcement was made today that President Wilson will be unable to attend the Panama Pacific Exposition at San Francisco this month. The President gave as his reason the necessity that he keep in close touch with "the various matters which the government has to deal with."

Valdosta, Ga., March 8.—The Indianapolis Federal League team, headed by Manager William Phillips, arrived here today for spring training.

Is a Powerful Influence in Blood

Works With a Definite Purpose and Is a Known Antidote.

There are some things in medicine that are certain and definite. They do the work. S. S. S. is one of these reliables and is a known antidote for all blood troubles. More than that, it is harmless, for it does not hurt the stomach, does not affect the bones and joints, nor does it alter the integrity of the nerves and spine. But it does sweep through the blood, a powerful, searching, cleansing influence, remarkable for results and a tremendous relief to those who suffer the humiliation of skin eruptions.

Nearly all sickness is due to sluggish blood. And if you let S. S. S. bathe your system with its wonderful influence your nervous troubles, your wan, weary, faded, listless, lifeless body will revive and become so renewed with the sense of enjoyable health you will scarcely know yourself. Try S. S. S. today. Get a bottle at any drug store. It will put you on your feet; keep you going all day and enable you to sleep sound and restful. S. S. S. is not a "dope," not a physic, but a fine, bracing, purifying medicine that is sure to do you a world of good.

It is just what you need. S. S. S. is prepared by The Swift Specific Co., 60 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., and if you are troubled with any stubborn blood disease their medical department will guide you safely to health. Write them.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE, NO. 1, A. F. & A. M.

Stated communication this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock sharp, for work pertaining to the business of the Lodge, and to welcome our Brother, R. W. John W. Vrooman, Past Grand Master of the State of New York. A full attendance of members is requested.

All visiting Master Masons will be cordially welcomed.

By order of the Master.

A. S. HOLDEN,
Secretary.

(Light Refreshments at close of Communication.)

DIED.

At Burgaw, N. C., Sunday, March 7th, Mrs. Hester C. Beach, wife of W. J. Beach, in the 56th year of her age. Funeral from Calvary Baptist church this Tuesday morning at 10:30. Interment at Bellevue Cemetery.—advertisement.

Richmond, Va., March 8.—The Virginia legislature, after three weeks recess, re-convened today for one week's session, to complete its work of tax law revision.

A. D. BROWN

The Store That Sells Wooltex Clothes for Women.

Get Your April DELINEATOR TODAY

Bring Your Card

"Threads Of Fate"

See Lovely Pauline Bush and Handsome Wm. Dowlin, in This Supremely Sweet Love Story — Two Reels.

"Their Last Haul"
A Roaring L-Ko Comedy, Featuring Hank Mann—He's Simply Great!

"In Wildman's Land"
A Weird Drama of Savage Cave Men.

"Shadows and Sunshine"
Starring the Thanhouser Twins.

"Hogan's Wild Oats"
Rousing Keystone Comedy Feature.

BIJOU

THE SUPER-CRIMINAL HAS ARRIVED.

See "The Exploits of Elaine" First Episode Friday.

RUNAWAY JUNE

Filmdom's Greatest Sensation Starts

TODAY
NEW GRAND

Don't Miss It. Be on Hand Early.

Another Great Feature!

"Underneath The Paint"

Giant 3-Reel Screen Triumph, Featuring

HELEN GARDNER

Direct From Vitagraph Theatre, New York City.

5 Cents

Take Care of Your Earnings

Said a noted business man in a recent address before an assemblage of rising young men. It is a well known saying that money is more easily earned than saved. Of course an account, no matter how small, in a good savings bank is always a stimulus to those who want to save but lack a system. We solicit small accounts, paying interest at the rate of four per cent., compounded quarterly.

START TODAY

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Cor. Front and Chestnut Sts. Home Bank Building.

Manhattan Shirts

Spring and Summer Styles In Silks, Pongees, Madras, Percales, and Crepes

Such Rays of Colors and Patterns Have Never Before Been on Display

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

No. 9 North Front Street Phone 617

:: THE ORTON ::

WILMINGTON, N. C.

RUNNING WATER, STEAM HEAT IN ALL ROOMS, NEW TILED BATH ROOMS.

—RATES—

AMERICAN PLAN . . . . . Without Bath $3.00 Per Day
AMERICAN PLAN . . . . . With Bath, $3.50 to $4.00 Per Day.
ROOMS ONLY . . . . . Without Bath, $1.00 Per Day.
ROOMS ONLY . . . . . With Bath, $1.50 to $2.00 Per Day.

OUR TABLE IS NOTED FOR ITS EXCELLENCE.

C. E. HOOPER, Manager.

Every Little Helps

To keep our force on the pay roll This money is spent here. We solicit your patronage on

MACHINE WORK, GEARS, ENGINES and BOILERS, IRON and BRASS CASTINGS.

—WORK GUARANTEED—

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

FOOT OF CHURCH ST. 'PHONE 213.

CORN DRILLS

"EMPIRE"

Special Price of $10.00

SUBJECT TO STOCK ON HAND ONLY

Ledbetter Cotton and Corn and Peanut Planters.
Syracuse Middle Bursters, Light No. 79, $9.00 each.
(A Wonderful Implement for the Farm.)
Syracuse, Dixie, Stonewall, Carolina (cotton), Steel Beam Dixie, Avery New Ground, Avery Subsoil, Avery Grubber Plows.
Lewis, Goldsboro and Sampson Stocks.
Sole Agents "Huggins Wrenchless Stocks."
Corn Shovel and Sweeps.

"ANYTHING FOR THE FARM" AT

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

10—12 SOUTH FRONT ST.

IT'S A BEAUTY!

Have You Seen the New Overland Six? Wonder of the New York and Chicago Shows?

PRICE $1,475 F. O. B. TOLEDO

Demonstration Car Just Unloadd at Our Garage. Drop in at Any Time.

LASSITER-McDUFFIE CO., Inc.

HUDSON. OVERLAND. WHITE.

Garage: 114 North Second Street Phone 614

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON MARKET LESS ACTIVE

Close in New York Steadier, at a Net Decline of 1 to 3 Points—Liverpool Was a Factor.

New York, March 8. — Cotton was less active today and closed steadier at a net decline of 1 to 3 points.

Liverpool did not fully meet Saturday's American gains and the local market opened unchanged to four points lower, under local selling for a reaction. Offerings were limited, however, and a renewal of the Wall Street and commission house investment buying sent prices up. This advance carried October contracts to 9.35, or $2.50 a bale above the low level of last week, and within 15 point of the season's high record. Realizing then became more active, while there was also some Liverpool selling, and prices turned easier, with the decline promoted by some Southern offerings.

The market broke some 7 to 8 points below Saturday's closing, under this pressure, but rallied later on the steady showing of the early spot markets, the continued full exports, and reports that marine insurance interests had reached an agreement with the British government whereby shipments of cotton to neutral countries arranged for prior to March 1 and cleared before the end of this month, would be taken at a moderate rate of insurance. Cotton futures closed steady.

Month	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Mar	8:64	8:56	8:56	8:59
May	8:79	8:85	8:75	8:80
July	9:02	9:08	8:98	9:04
Oct	9:28	9:35	9:24	9:30
Dec	9:50	9:53	9:44	9:49

Spot cotton, quiet; middling uplands, 8.75; sales, 1,800.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling, 8.00; receipts, 8,988; exports, 37,167; sales, 3,360; stock, 360,993.

Galveston—Middling, 8.60; receipts, 11,995; exports, 17,395; sales, 700; stock, 501,718.

Mobile—Middling, 7.88; receipts, 73; sales, 275; stock, 55,461.

Savannah—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 7,333; exports, 8,858; sales, 1,221; stock, 230,419.

Charleston—Middling, 8.00; receipts, 3,076; stock, 104,651.

Wilmington—Middling, 8.00; receipts, 3,036; stock, 58,854.

Texas City—Receipts, 6,565.

Norfolk—Middling, 8.00; receipts, 3,182; sales, 1,335; stock, 75,337.

Baltimore—Middling, 8¼; stock, 4,426.

Boston—Middling, 8.75; receipts, 591; stock, 12,000.

Philadelphia—Middling, 9.00; stock, 6,386.

New York—Middling, 8.75; receipts, 207; exports, 9,568; stock, 129,392.

Minor Ports—Stock, 111,383.

Total today—Receipts, 45,046; exports, 72,988; stock, 1,651,420.

Total for week—Receipts, 81,833; exports, 148,888.

Total for season—Receipts, 8,346,381; exports, 5,682,083.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 8.50; receipts, 14,693; shipments, 14,939; sales, 4,976; stock, 175,121.

Memphis—Middling, 8.12; receipts, 4,363; shipments, 3,225; sales, 3,400; stock, 322,336.

Augusta — Middling, 8.00; receipts, 695; shipments, 411; sales, 1,234; stock, 140,172.

St. Louis—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 1,951; shipments, 1,951; sales, 85; stock, 36,794.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 431; shipments, 742; stock, 13,423.

Little Rock—Middling, 8.00; receipts, 668; shipments, 760; stock, 47,531.

Dallas—Middling, 8.10; sales, 6,779.

Total today—Receipts, 22,801; shipments, 22,028; stock, 635,377.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, March 8. — Cotton: Spot, firm; good middling, 5.41; middling, 5.09; low middling, 4.69.

Sales, 8,000; speculation and export, 2,500; receipts, 4,960.

Futures, barely steady. May-June, 4.95; June-July, 4.99; July-August, 5.06; October-November, 5.20½; January-February, 5.27.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, March 8. — Cotton seed oil was generally higher today on short covering and local professional buying, inspired by strength in lard and grain and lighter offerings of crude. Final prices were unchanged to five points net higher, for leading positions. Sales, 20,600 barrels. The market closed steady. Spot, 6.75; March, 6.83@6.95; April, 6.95@7.05; May, 7.05@7.07; June, 7.18@7.19; July, 7.26@7.27; August, 7.38@7.34; September, 7.42@7.45; October, 7.00@7.40.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, March 8. — Hogs advanced. Bulk, 6.85@6.95; light, 6.70@7.00; mixed, 6.70@7.05; heavy, 6.45@7.00; rough, 6.45@6.60; pigs, 5.75@6.75.

Cattle—Weak. Native steers, 5.85@9.00; cows and heifers, 3.40@7.80; calves, 6.50@10.00.

Sheep — Weak. Sheep, 7.00@7.90; yearlings, 7.65@8.75. Lambs, 7.75@8.75.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Day of Fluctuation Closes at Net Advance of 1to 2 Points.

New Orleans, March 8.—Cotton today made a show of steadiness around the first call, sagged during the middle part of the session, but closed at a net gain of 1 to 2 points.

The strength during the last half hour of business surprised the professional element, which looked for a reaction. Early in the day prices were 4 points up, later they went to a level 3 to 8 points under Saturday's close, October making the least decline.

Selling around the middle of the day appeared to have inspired by the fear that the exports would shrink as the result of the complications that recently have arisen in the European situation. In the afternoon, however, notices were posted stating that the British government had agreed to place no restrictions on shipments contracted for prior to March 2nd and this helped prices.

Cotton futures closed: March 8.85; May 8.57; July 8.78; October 9.06; December 9.23.

Spot cotton steady, unchanged; middling 8.00; sales on the spot 875; to arrive 2,485.

GRAINS STILL ON THE FARMS

Amount of Wheat, Corn, Oats and Barley Left on Farms March 1, Little Less Than in 1914.

Washington, March 8. — Despite the much discussed effect of grain exports to Europe on the home supply, today's official report by the Department of Agriculture on the percentage of the 1914 wheat, corn, oats and barley crops remaining on farms March 1, shows only slight decreases when compared with the percentage of last year.

Wheat: About 152,903,000 bushels, or 17.2 per cent. of the 1914 crop remained on farms March 1, 1915, compared with 151,809,000 bushels, or 19.9 per cent. of the 1913 crop remaining in 1914; 156,483,000 bushels, or 21.4 per cent. of the 1912 crop remaining in 1913, and 122,025,000 bushels, or 19.6 per cent. of the 1911 crop in 1912.

About 60.7 per cent. of the 1914 crop will be shipped out of the counties where grown, against 53.9 per cent. of the 1913 crop, so shipped, and 61.6 per cent. of the 1912 crop so shipped.

Corn: About 910,894 bushels, or 34.1 per cent. of the 1914 crop remained on farms March 1, 1915, compared with 866,392,000 bushels, or 35.4 per cent. of the 1913 crop in 1914, and 1,289,655,000 bushels, or 41.3 per cent. of the 1912 crop in 1913.

About 18.6 per cent. of the 1914 crop will be shipped out of the counties where grown, against 17.2 per cent. of the 1913 crop so shipped, and 21.8 per cent. of the 1912 crop so shipped.

The proportion of the 1914 crop of merchantable quality is about 84.5 per cent., compared with 80.1 per cent. of the 1913 crop, and 85.0 per cent. of the 1912 crop.

Oats: About 379,369,000 bushels, or 33.2 per cent. of the 1914 crop remained on farms March 1, 1915, compared with 419,476,000 bushels, or 37.4 per cent. of the 1913 crop in 1914, and 604,216,000 bushels, or 42.6 per cent. of the 1912 crop in 1913.

About 29.4 per cent. of the 1914 crop will be shipped out of the counties where grown, against 26.5 per cent. of the 1913 crop so shipped, and 30.9 per cent. of the 1912 crop so shipped.

Barley: About 42,889,000 bushels, or 22 per cent. of the 1914 crop remained on farms March 1, 1915, compared with 44,126,000 bushels, or 24.8 per cent. of the 1913 crop in 1914, and 62,283,000 bushels, or 27.6 per cent. of the 1912 crop in 1913.

About 45.1 per cent. of the 1914 crop will be shipped out of the counties where grown against 48.4 per cent. of the 1913 crop so shipped, and 53.7 per cent. of the 1912 crop so shipped.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. New Orleans, Hudgins, Baltimore, Baltimore-Carolina Steamship Co.

Str. Matilda Weems, Hall, Georgetown, Baltimore-Carolina Steamship Co.

Cleared.

Str. New Orleans, Hudgins, Georgetown, Baltimore-Carolina Steamship Co.

Str. Seminole, Packer, Georgetown, C. J. Becker, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Alcana (Italian) 2,246 tons, Ghiglione, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Mobile (Br.), 1,165 tons, Laing, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 2,289 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Linke, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Phillips M. Brooks, 243 tons, Saunders; C. D. Maffitt & Co.

Barges.

Barge Monocacy, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, March 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, at 41½c.

ROSIN—Quiet, $2.80 per barrel for large; $2.70 per barrel for small.

TAR—Quiet, $1.50 per barrel; 7c. per gallon.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Steady, $2.75 per barrel for soft; $2.75 per barrel for virgin; $1.50 per barrel for hard.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady, 44. Rosin firm, $3.70. Tar, firm, $2.30-9c. Crude Turpentine, firm, $2.50, $3.50, $2.25.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	(—)
Rosin	(—)
Tar	50
Crude Turpentine	(—)

Receipts —Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 2 casks; rosin, 4 barrels; tar, 201 barrels; crude turpentine, (—) barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market — Steady, at 8c.; quotation, same day last year, nominal.

Receipts—3,050 bales; same day last year, 262 bales.

Total receipts since September 1st, to date, 174,773 bales.

Total receipts to same day last year, 354,409 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, March 8, 1915.

Atlantic Coast Line—2,661 bales cotton; 50 barrels tar.

Seaboard Air Line—374 bales cotton.

Str. Thelma—1 bale cotton.

Miscellaneous—14 bales cotton.

Total—3,050 bales cotton; 50 barrels tar.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., March 5. — Spanish: Farmers' stock, market quiet, $2 1-2c. asked; 80c. bid.

Virginias: Farmers' stock, market steady. Fancy Jumbo, 3¾c. per lb. Fancy Hand-Picked, 3½c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; Shelling stock, 2½c. to 2¾c. per lb.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, March 8. — Raw sugar, steady; centrifugal, 4.77; molasses sugar, 4.00; refined, quiet.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese—Firm.

Coffee—Spot, steady; Rio, No. 7, 7¾; Santos, No. 4, 9¾.

STOCKS MOVING UPWARD

New Week Begins With Numerous Indications of General Trade Improvement.

New York, March 8.—Stocks made further decided progress towards higher levels today on fairly large volume of business. The new week began with numerous indications of general trade improvement, particularly in the steel and allied industries. Advices from the Middle West pointed to greater activity at leading manufacturing centers and the United States Steel Corporation was reported to have increased its output to 75 per cent of capacity.

United States Steel with several of the leading railroad issues and Amalgamated Copper led the movement. Realizing for profits caused some minor recessions in the later dealings but net gains of 1 to 2 was the rule.

Specific reasons accompanied the rise of certain stocks, notably Canadian Pacific, which was strong in London, and New Haven, which showed a pronounced decrease in its deficit for January. Stocks and bonds of the Gould group railroads were active at higher prices, presumably in anticipation of Federal developments at tomorrow's meeting of the Missouri Pacific shareholders.

Foreign exchange was at a standstill, but a fair amount of business was reported in the new German war notes. Grain markets were strong on the large export demand.

Total sales of stocks for the day were 266,800 shares. Bonds strong, despite further extensive selling for foreign interests. Total sales, par value, $2,515,000. Panama coupons 3s advanced 3-4 per cent on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	55½
American Agricultural	50
American Can	28½
American Car and Foundry	42¾
American Cities, pfd	51
American Cotton Oil	46¾
American Smelting	64½
American Snuff	B.152
American Sugar	102
American Tel. and Tel	120¾
American Tobacco	223¾
Atchison	95¾
Atlantic Coast Line	101
Baltimore and Ohio	68¾
Canadian Pacific	160¼
Central Leather	34½
Chesapeake and Ohio	43¾
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	88½
Erie	22¾
General Electric	140¾
Great Northern, pfd	115¾
Illinois Central	103¾
Interborough-Met., pfd	59½
Kansas City Southern	22¾
Lehigh Valley	135¾
Louisville and Nashville	112¾
Liggett and Myers	220½
Lorillard Co	182
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	10½
Missouri Pacific	12
Mexican Petroleum	67¾
New York Central	83¾
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	52¾
Norfolk and Western	102¾
Northern Pacific	103¾
Pennsylvania	105½
Reading	145¾
Rep. Iron and Steel	20¾
Rep. Iron and Steel, pfd	77
Rock Island Co	¾
Rock Island Co., pfd	1¾
St. L. and San Fran., 2nd pfd	3¼
Seaboard Air Line	13¾
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	34¾
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	26
Southern Pacific	85
Southern Railway	16
Southern Railway, pfd	51¾
Tennessee Copper	27¾
Texas Co	135½
Texas and Pacific	13
Union Pacific	120¾
United States Steel	45¾
United States Steel, pfd	104¾
Utah Copper	53¾
Virginia-Caro. Chem	B. 21
Western Union	63¾
Bethlehem Steel	55½
American Beet Sugar	39¾

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

New York, March 8. — Mercantile paper, 3¼@3½; Sterling exchange, barely steady; sixty day bills, 4.7850; for cables, 4.8135; for demand, 4.81. Par silver, 50¼; Mexican dollars, 38. Government bonds, strong. Railroad bonds, strong.

Time loans, steady; sixty days, 2½@2¾; ninety days, 2¾@3; six months, 3¼@3½. Call money, steady; ruling rate, 1¾.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, March 8. — Cotton goods were steadier today, with demand moderate. Retail trade in the Metropolitan section was more active. Raw silk was firmer. Dress goods were quiet for immediate delivery, but fine and anfcy worsted dress goods were bought liberally for forward delivery from the largest mills.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, March 5)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.

PEAS—Black eyed peas, $2.50 per bu.; cow peas, market not open.

POTATOES — Irish potatoes, 80@85c. per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 85@90c. per bu.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c.; good sales.

PORK—Small, 8@10c per lb.

SHEEP—Out of season.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 21c free, 30@31c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 13c.; dry flints, 17c. per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 20c.; sides and shoulders, 15c. lb.; very dull; no sales.

BEESWAX—Firm, 25c. per lb.; dull.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 40@45c. Spring, 15@30c. per head; very dull. Turkeys, 15c.; very dull.

EGGS—18c. per doz.; very dull.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, March 5. — North Carolina Peanuts — Market, steady; new crop, fancy hand-picked, 75c.; No. 1, machine picked, 65c. per bu.

Virginia Peanuts—Steady, New crop Jumboes, 60c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1, small, machine picked, 50c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—Steady. New crop, No. 1, small, machine picked, 85c.; Jumbos, 75c. per bu. All receipts, heavier.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

March 9, 1915.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 36 degrees; at 8 P. M., 44 degrees; maximum, 48 degrees; minimum, 35 degrees; mean, 42 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for 17.2 feet and falling.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 7.7 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

The Port Calendar, March 9, 1915.

Sun rises ..... 6:30 A. M.
Sun sets ..... 6:15 P. M.
Day's length ..... 11 hrs. 46 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	4:20	4:37	11:45	12:00
Southport	2:05	2:29	11:38	11:53
Masonboro Inl	1:54	2:15	11:18	11:33

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

March 8, 1915.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest today.	Temperature Lowest last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene	snow	34	26	.06
Asheville	clear	36	26	.0
Atlanta	clear	40	32	.0
Augusta	clear	52	34	.0
Birmingh	cldy	42	36	.0
Boston	clear	40	32	.0
Charleston	clear	52	34	.0
Charlotte	clear	46	30	.0
Chicago	clear	38	26	.0
Galveston	rain	44	40	.02
Jacksonv	clear	54	38	.0
Memphis	pt cldy	42	36	.0
Mobile	pt cldy	52	40	.0
New Orl	pt cldy	50	42	.0
New York	clear	40	30	.02
Oklahoma	cldy	30	26	.0
Palestine	cldy	36	32	.0
Pittsburg	clear	34	26	.04
Raleigh	cldy	44	32	.12
Savannah	clear	54	36	.0
Shreveport	cldy	40	32	.0
St. Louis	clear	42	30	.0
Washing'n	clear	42	32	.02

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat Jumps More Than 8 Cents on Urgent Buying on War Crisis.

Chicago, March 8. — Wheat jumped 8¾ cents today on urgent buying ascribed to the war crisis regarding Italy and Greece, and to the belief that domestic farm reserves would prove small, closed nervous, 3¼ to 8¼ above Saturday night. Other net advances were: Corn, ¾@¾. Oats, 1⅛@1½. Provisions, 12½ to 30.

Grain and provisions close:

Wheat—May, 1.49¼; July, 1.19¾.
Corn—May, 73½; July, 75¾.
Oats—May, 57½; July, 53.
Pork—May, 17.92; July, 18.32.
Lard—May, 10.62; July, 10.90.
Ribs—May, 10.22; July, 10.50.
Cash grain:
Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.46@1.51; No. 2, hard, 1.47½@1.52.
Corn—No. 2, yellow, 74.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, March 8. — Turpentine, firm, 42; sales, none; receipts, 250; shipments, 2,280; stocks, 31,329.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 63; receipts, 574; shipments, 5,177; stocks, 119,815. Quote: A, B, 2.95; C, D, 3.02½; E, F, G, H, 3.07½; I, 3.12½; K, 3.20 to 3.25; M, 4.00; N, 5.00; W G, 5.45; W W, 5.55.

SERIOUSLY ILL AT ASHEVILLE

Wife of Senator Luke Lea Reported in Critical Condition.

Nashville, Tenn., March 8.—Senator Luke Lea received a telegram early today announcing the serious illness of his wife at Asheville, N. C. She is reported to have contracted pneumonia. Senator Lea, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Percy Warner, Mrs. Lea's parents, left at once for her bedside.

Wood's Trade Mark

Clover and Grass Seeds

are best qualities obtainable, of high tested germination and purity.

WOOD'S DESCRIPTIVE CATALOG for 1915 gives the fullest information about Grasses and Clovers, best methods of preparation, seeding, etc., to secure good stands and good crops. Mailed on request.

Write for Catalog, and prices of any

Grass and Clover Seed, Seed Grain or Seed Potatoes required.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, SEEDSMEN, - Richmond, Va.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb Rails.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 22, 1914.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30a.m.	3:00p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00a.m.	10:40p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00a.m.	5:30p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:45p.m.	2:30a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20a.m.	6:20a.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45a.m.	7:00p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00p.m.	8:00a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:32p.m.	8:30a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and All Western Points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

Dr. C. L. Pridgen

General Practice.

DISEASES OF STOMACH AND INTESTINES A SPECIALTY.

508 Market St. 'Phone 2085

OFFICE HOURS:

9—11 A. M. 2:30—4:30 P. M.

J. L. BECTON
CIVIL ENGINEER
27-28 I. O. O. F. Bldg.,
N. W. Cor. 3rd and Princess.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
'Phone 1494-W. P. O. Box 594

FOR SALE

150 Bags Maine Grown Irish Cobbler Potatoes.

200 Barrels Large Mullets.

200 Bags Green Coffee.

Iron Safes, various makes.

Cuts of safes furnished upon application.

SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS
Wholesale Grocers
Wilmington, N. C.
311 N. Front St.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

EFECTIVE JANUARY 3rd, 1915.

Trains Leave Wilmington Daily as Follows:

No. 13—4:30 P. M.—For Local stations—Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and Intermediate Points, connecting at Hamlet for Richmond, Washington, New York, Atlanta, Jacksonville, and All Points North and South.

Through Pullman Parlor Car Service Between Wilmington and Charlotte.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Local train for Charlotte. Sleeper open at 10:00 P. M. For detail information and reservations, call on City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 178.

E. E. HUNTER, Div. Frt Ag't, Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Ag't, Raleigh, N. C.

Very Low Round Trip Fares To Durham, N. C.
—via—
SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Premier Carrier of the South.

Account of Biennial Session, Head Camp, Woodmen of the World of N. C., the Southern Railway Company will sell round trip tickets from all points in North Carolina to Durham, N. C.

Dates of sale, March 7, 8 and 9th, with final limit midnight of March 13th, 1915.

For further detailed information, schedules, etc., ask any Southern Railway Agent, or write.

O. F. YORK,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

mh4-4t

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Rates, in Effect From Wilmington.

DURHAM, N. C. $6.55
On sale March 7th, 8th and 9th. Limited returning Midnight, March 13th

CHATTANOOGA, TENN. $18.20
On sale April 25th, 26th and 27th. Limited returning Midnight May 8th.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA $24.50
On sale June 7th, 8th and 9th. Limited returning Midnight, June 17th.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.

H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South"

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares.

—from—
WILMINGTON

CHATTANOOGA, TENN $18.30
On sale April 25, 26 and 27th, limited returning May 8th.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA $24.50
On sale June 7, 8 and 9, limited returning June 17th.

For schedules, reservations and any further information, call 'phone 160, or apply to C. M. ACKER, Ticket Agent of the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

TO CHICAGO
ON THE CAROLINA SPECIAL
THROUGH SLEEPING CAR DAILY
VIA
SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Premier Carrier of the South
QUEEN AND CRESCENT ROUTE AND BIG FOUR ROUTE

Southern Railway is now operating through sleeping cars daily on the Carolina Special between Charleston, S. C., and Chicago, Ill., affording excellent connections from and for Eastern North Carolina Points, Goldsboro, Raleigh, Durham, Greensboro and intermediate points, through ASHEVILLE AND THE LAND OF THE SKY.

For Pullman sleeping car reservations, schedules and detailed information, ask any Southern Railway Agent, or write,

O. F. YORK,
Traveling Passenger Agent.
Raleigh, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect October 12, 1914.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE, WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

EASTBOUND

Leave Front and Princess for Winter Park	Leave Front and Princess for Wrightsville	Leave Front and Princess for Beach
.....	.....	.....
a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.
.....	.....	.....
6:50 A.M.	6:50 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.
a7:00 A. M.	a6:00 A. M.	.....
8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.
.....	.....	.....
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.
1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	.....
cd2:35 P. M.	.....	.....
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:10 P. M.	.....	.....
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.
c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	.....
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	.....
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....
11:15 P.M.	11:15 P. M.	.....

WESTBOUND

Leave Winter Park for	Leave Wrightsville for	Leave for for
Wilmington	Wilmington	Wilmington
a6:20 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
a7:31 A. M.	7:30 A. M.	.....
b7:56 A. M.	b7:45 A. M.	b7:35 A. M.
a8:01 A. M.	a7:50 A. M.	a7:40 A. M.
a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
9:36 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
b10:31A.M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
11:06 A. M.	11:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
2:01 P. M.	1:50 P. M.	c1:45 P. M.
c2:36 P. M.	c2:25 P. M.	.....
cd3:06P.M.	.....	.....
c3:50 P. M.	.....	.....
4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
c4:30 P. M.	.....	.....
c5:10 P. M.	.....	.....
5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
6:21 P.M.	6:10 P. M.	c6:05 P. M.
6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....
7:33 P. M.	7:22 P. M.	c7:15 P. M.
8:06 P. M.	7:55 P. M.	.....
8:56 P. M.	8:45 P. M.	.....
10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:56 P. M.	10:45 P. M.	.....
11:56 P. M.	11:45 P. M.	.....

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess streets every half hour from 1:00 to 5:00 P. M.

Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily, except Sundays.
b—Sundays Only.
c—Superceded by half hour cars Sunday afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

(Daily, except Sundays.)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 3:30 to 3:30 P. M.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective Feb. 18, 1915.

Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 2:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 51. * 5:25 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. *12:45 A.M.
No. 94. 10:15 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 93. ‡ 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. 7:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. * 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. * 8:35 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52. * 8:05 P.M.
No. 62. * 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. *12:50 P.M.
No. 58. * 3:35 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida Points. Columbia, Asheville and the West. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta, and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. *12:50 P.M.
No. 60. ‡ 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. ‡10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. * 9:50 A.M.

* Daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday. ‡ Tuesdays, Thursday and Saturdays.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

FLORIDA - CUBA - SOUTH

ONLY Through Sleeping Car Between WILMINGTON and ATLANTA

DAILY SCHEDULES:	No. 55	No. 51
Lv. Wilmington	3:45P.M.	8:25A.M.
Ar. Florence	7:30P.M.	9:20A.M.
Ar. Atlanta	6:00A.M.	.....
Ar. Montgomery	11:30A.M.	.....
Ar. New Orleans	8:55P.M.	.....
Lv. Wilmington	3:45P.M.	8:25A.M.
Lv. Florence	7:55P.M.	9:40A.M.
Ar. Jacksonville	7:15A.M.	7:20P.M.
Ar Tampa	4:00P.M.	6:45A.M.
Ar. St. Petersburg	8:30P.M.	8:00A.M.
Ar. Fort Myers	10:20P.M.	13:06P.M.

PULLMAN CARS ON ALL TRAINS.

PHONE 160
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
THE STANDARD RAILROAD OF THE SOUTH

BALTIMORE & CAROLINA STEAMSHIP COMPANY
Between
Baltimore, Wilmington, Georgetown and Charleston, S. C.

Ships sailing from Baltimore every Friday afternoon 3 o'clock, arriving in Wilmington, Sunday afternoon. Low through rates and other information furnished upon application.

J. L. DOTEN, Agent.
Office and Piers, foot Grace street.
Phone 482.
HENRY WILLIAMS, JR.
General Freight Agent,
Baltimore, Md.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

CLYDE LINE
— TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Cherokee, Fri., March 12th
Steamship Seminole, Fri., March 19th
Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Seminole, Mon., March 8th
Steamship Cherokee, Mon., March 15th
Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Seminole, Sat., March 13th
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., March 20th
Both Steamers Carry Passengers.
Equipped With Wireless.
Through Bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.
CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES, Commercial Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36, N. R., New York.

U. S. Court Sale.

Of the Haar Stock of Dry Goods and Fixtures continues until sold. Court appraisers have reduced prices below wholesale cost. (advertisement.)—tf

JURY SWORN IN TO TRY TERRE HAUTE OFFICIALS

Charged With Conspiring to Corrupt Last Election.

Twenty-Nine Veniremen Examined Before Completed—Nine Democrats, Two Republicans and One Progressive.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 8.—A jury was sworn late today in Federal court here to try Donn M. Roberts, mayor of Terre Haute, and 27 others charged with conspiring to corrupt the election of last November in Terre Haute.

Before the jury was completed 29 veniremen were examined. United States District Attorney Dailey questioned the veniremen in a manner to indicate he believed an attempt had been made to tamper with men summoned for jury duty. All, however, declared they had talked to no one and had received no mail tending to influence their judgment in the case.

Counsel for both the defense and the government questioned the veniremen closely on their political affiliations. The jury as sworn contains nine Democrats, two Republicans and one Progressive.

All the 28 defendants were in court. Mayor Roberts was accompanied by his wife. The other defendants include:

Eli H. Rodman, judge of the Vigo county circuit court.

Dennis Shea, sheriq of Vigo county.

E. E. Talbott, city comptroller of Terre Haute.

Maurice Walsh, county sealer of weights and measures and treasurer of the Democratic campaign committee.

Edward R. Driscoll, secretary Democratic county committee.

Joseph O'Mara, street commissioner.

Arthur Gillis, street commissioner.

The case against the politicians resulted from a Federal grand jury investigation started November 18.

The indictments were returned December 24 naming 126 men. Of these 116 were arrested, 88 pleading guilty and 28 not guilty.

DENUNCIATION OF R. L. DAVIS GOES ON SENATE RECORD

(Continued from Page One.)

to show readings of meters.

Require burial of bodies of dead animals.

Joint resolution declaring against further effort at removal of the State School for the Blind from Raleigh.

The Senate convened at 10 o'clock this morning with President Daughtridge presiding.

"Sneak" Bill Caught.

Senator Nash procured the recall of a bill from the enrolling clerk's office that was found to provide a special tax of $50 at Chapel Hill on persons acting as agents. He had the bill tabled. It would have prevented students at the University from acting as agents for clothing manufacturers and others, a means by which numbers of students pay their way through college. The bill originated in the House and had passed both houses and been ordered enrolled for ratification.

Senator Ward Apologizes.

Senator Ward was recognized and tendered an apology to the Senate and to Senator Gilliam, chairman of the committee on appropriations, for his harsh language relative to Senator Gilliam Saturday night over the bill to enable the management of the Home for Confederate Women, at Fayetteville, to use $5,000 accumulated maintenance fund on the building. He said he fully realized the splendid work done by Senator Gilliam on the appropriations bill and he would have nothing more to say. And he proposed now to let the Confederate Women's Home bill come up now on its merits.

Senator Gilliam stated that he was personally opposed to the bill and would so vote, but that he realized his friends from any obligation to support his opposition and they could feel free to vote as they pleased. He did take occasion to say that the increased appropriations of the building proposed would necessitate something like 50 per cent more for maintenance and the building as now proposed would accommodate 65 inmates.

Senator Snow spoke in opposition to the bill as unnecessary and beyond available means of the State to provide the appropriation. Senator Miller spoke against the bill. Senator Jonas advocated the bill, as did Senator Cohoon. The vote was 29 to 15 for the bill on second reading. It passed third reading without opposition and was ordered enrolled for ratification.

The Senate passed a resolution to pay the clerks of the enrolling office 50 cents per day extra compensation; also a bill to provide minimum doses of hog cholera serum at 15 cents and to incorporate Southern Baptist Assembly at Ridgecrest.

The Hobgood—Weaver primary bill as amended by the House Saturday night was laid before the Senate for concurrence or non-concurrence in the amendments. Senator Hobgood moved non-concurrence. This motion prevailed and President Daughtridge named on the conference committee Senators Ward, Muse and Weaver .

The omnibus educational bill carrying a number of amendments to the education laws of the State came up and passed after some discussion of the feature that regulates the employment of teachers for part of their time.

Title Misleading.

There was lengthy discussion of the Mayo bill to "Eradicate Cattle Tick in Beaufort County" that would really provide stock law for Beaufort and put upon adjoining counties the burden of building stock law fences. There were charges by Senators Ward, Gilliam, and others that the title of the bill was misleading and that it ought not to pass anyway. Senator Muse made the point that it should not pass on any account unless submitted to a vote of the people. His amendment that there be an election April 4 was adopted and the bill passed as amended.

Pharmacy Bill Passed.

The Senate passed the House substitute for the bill to regulate the practice of pharmacy and making some changes as to the board of examiners and credits to students as to studies.

A resolution by Senator Chatham passed providing that drug stores should be refunded unused licenses issued for handling liquors for medicinal purposes.

Senator Giles introduced the regular omnibus bill appointing members of the county boards of education in the several counties and it was passed without amendment.

The House entered on its day's work at 9:30 o'clock with Speaker Bowie in the chair.

Passed Final Reading.

Bills passed final reading as follows:

Amend the law as to salaries of Pitt county officers.

Abolish free labor on Pitt county roads.

Amend charter of Greenville.

Provide cotton weighers for Robeson county.

Amend the law as to the transfer of Avery county from the 17th to the 16th judicial district.

Regulate the fees of the treasurer of Sampson county.

Amend the Dillsboro road law.

Joint resolution making Clarence Aycock administrator for the estate of W. T. Aycock, late engrossing clerk of the Senate.

Provide stock law fences in Duplin.

Amend the law regulating county treasurers.

Amend the game law for Sampson county, especially as to killing squirrels.

Provide for periodical publication of road bulletins.

Amend the charter of Marble, Cherokee county.

Cede Eagles' Island by Brunswick county to New Hanover for the purpose of establishing a free ferry in the stead of the present toll ferry between Wilmington and Brunswick county and to build up the causeway into Brunswick county beyond the river.

Amend the law as to the highway commission for Cleveland county.

Allow the election of a road commissioner in Rockingham county.

Increase the number of commissioners in Cleveland county.

Amend the road law of Ashe county.

Prevent the spread of tuberculosis in Guilford county.

Establish County Line school district between Stokes and Forsyth counties.

Prohibit the sale of wine and cider within three miles of certain Duplin county churches.

Elect board of school trustees for Beaver's township, Cleveland county.

Provide trustees for the Firemen's pension fund, Wilmington.

Elect road superintendent for Cleveland county.

Increase the pay of the Cleveland county commissioners.

Ratify a Cleveland county bond issue for Hiawassee railroad.

Permit Gastonia to make contribution to aid the poor.

Resolution to pay the expenses of the joint committee that attended the funeral of W. T. Aycock, engrossing clerk, who was killed in the automobile accident that also cost the life of Speaker Wooten, of the House.

Increase the pay of W. T. Terry, sustodian of the State House.

Provide a method of ascertaining damages in Cleveland county.

Create a recorder's court for Warren.

Prohibit turning of water on lands in Gaston county.

Incorporate the Commercial Bank of Rutherfordton.

Relief of A. T. Grant, clerk of the court for Davie county.

Amend the law as to the commissioners of Wilkes county.

Prohibit the dumping of saw dust in streams in Wilkes county.

Amend the charter of Wilmington.

Increase the number of commissioners for Beaufort county.

Fix the compensation of commissioners of Beaufort.

Amend the charter of Shelby.

Provide better protection for churches in Wayne county.

Amend the law as to the Hiawassee Railroad Company.

Amend the law as to salaries of officers of Pamlico county.

Appoint additional justices of the peace in Craven county.

Prohibit the shipment of liquors into Cleveland county.

Define the jurisdiction of the Columbus county recorder's court.

Appoint S. L. Rotter a justice of the peace in Raleigh.

Prevent the spread of the foot and mouth disease.

Prohibit shipments of whiskey in Gaston county.

General appropriations bill, introduced by Representative Roberts, was put through immediate passage without amendment.

There was considerable discussion of the Senate bill to put the sheriff of Cabarrus county on $2,000 salary and abolish the office of treasurer, naming two banks as custodians of county funds. It was opposed by Representative Williams and others and failed to pass 28 to 53.

Other Bills Passed.

Additional bills passed as follows:

Prevent the misbranding of foods in North Carolina.

Permit benevolent societies to hold real estate.

Promote agricultural development in New Hanover and Pender counties.

Increase the salary of the assistant Commissioner of Labor and Printing.

Amend the law as to the practice of dentistry in this State.

Provide for land and loan associations.

Provide increases of salary for clerical force in the State Department of Insurance, putting these clerks on an equal footing with clerks in the other State departments.

Provide for a State-wide forestry commission.

Fix the salary of the keeper of the Capitol.

Prevent the wearing of badges and ensigns of secret and fraternal orders by non-members. (Subsititute adopted after explanation by Representative Hutchinson that it would not effect any girls who might wear pins and the like of their gentlemen friends. Violation of the law is a misdemeanor.)

Amend the law as to working convicts on roads.

General appropriation for the National Guard, carrying the usual appropriation.

Appoint a "North Carolina Arbor Day."

Provide a training school for nurses at the State Sanitorium for Tuberculosis.

Amend the law as to exemption of Confederate Veterans from jury duty.

Amend the law as to the examinations of building and loan associations.

Extend the time for the registration of land grants.

Amend the law as to public drunkenness.

Create a State board to examine and license architects.

Validate certain acts of George Tucker, notary public in Lenoir.

Prevent fraudulent advertising.

Protect game and fur bearing animals.

Amend the divorce law so as to place women with children on parity with those without issue in right to divorce after ten years' separation.

Prevent misstatements in advertisements.

Change the name of Agricultural & Mechanical College, Greensboro, to Agricultural & Technical College.

Provide pilotage license to J. F. Arnold.

On motion of Representative Stacy the House tabled the bill to authorize 8 per cent interest under written contracts.

Other bills tabled were: Abolish capital punishment; the land segregation bill, a duplicate of which had failed to pass the Senate; regulate the practice of barbering in this State; prevent boys under 15 years old from working on the roads.

FRENCH MILLINERY SHOP.
Opening, Tuesday, March 9th.

FISH HATCHERY FOR THE PAMLICO SECTION

Senator Simmons Busy With Departmental Matters.

Plans Started for Demonstration Station to be Located Near Newbern, Urges Appointment of J. C. Carroll Superintendent.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., March 8.—Senator Simmons was busy today looking after departmental matters for the State. Early in the day he made arrangements to have a fish hatchery, similar to the one at Edenton, established in the Pamlico section. The new fish law makes conditions for fish much better than before and the hatchery will be of great benefit to the State.

The Senior Senator also saw Secretary of Agriculture Houston and started plans whereby he hopes to have a demonstration station established somewhere between Newbern and Elizabeth City, probably nearer Newbern than anywhere else. The station, if established, will be similar to the one at Statesville.

Mr. Simmons then wended his way to the Postoffice Department where he again urged the appointment of J. C. Carroll, of Wilmington, as superintendent of railway mail for the Wilmington-Norfolk division.

Congressman Small will speak at the annual banquet of the Goldsboro chamber of commerce Wednesday night.

George B. Mason and wife, of Gastonia, are here.

The Inter-State Commerce Commission decided that $2 per ton on sand from Mendota, Va., to High Point and Winston-Salem is unreasonable and unjust. The complaint was filed by the Standard Mirror Co., of High Point.

P. R. A.

IMPROVEMENT IN MEXICAN AFFAIRS IS DEMANDED IN NOTE

(Continued from Page One.)

may be kept open for foreign governments.

The ordering of sufficient garrison to stay in Mexico City in case of an invasion so that riots and demonstrations of the mob might be prevented and foreigners protected against violence.

According to information given out at the State Department, the number of foreigners in Mexico City is estimated at 26,400, of whom there are: Americans 2,500; Germans 1,800; French 1,900; English 1,000; Italians 700; Spaniards 12,000; Turks 2,000; Chinese 2,000; Cubans 1,200; Japanese 500, and other nationalities 800.

Enrique C. Llorente, Villa's Washington representative, gave out a telegram from Villa saying:

"If Obregon abandons Mexico City, we have enough troops in the vicinity to occupy it and maintain order."

The Carranza agency had a dispatch from San Antonio stating that word had been received there that Monterey had been captured by General Gonzales.

The agency also claimed that their forces had captured Monclova. The following message, the agency said, had been received from General Carranza at Vera Cruz:

"There is no occasion for any alarm in Mexico City where the food problem continues to improve daily."

British Steamer Seized.

New Orleans, March 8.—The British steamer Wyvisbrook has been seized by Carranza authorities at Campache and her commander, Captain Muir, has been placed in jail, according to mail advices reaching here tonight from Progreso.

The Wyvsbrook sailed from New Orleans February 15 with merchandise. Arriving at Progreso, Captain Muir was said to have been informed by the Mexican gunboat Progreso, which since has been sunk, that the port had been closed to commerce by an order of General Carranza.

The Wyvsbrook then went to Campeche where, it was said, she was boarded by Carranza officials who took charge and placed Captain Muir in prison. No cause for these alleged acts were assigned in the communication from Progreso. Neither the agents of the vessel nor the Mexican consul had any advices on the matter tonight.

The vessel's crew is said to be composed entirely of British subjects.

The Constitutionalist consular representative here said he had received unofficial advices several days ago that Captain Muir on his arrival at Campeche was ordered by Carranza military authorities to pay a fine or his vessel would be seized and himself placed in prison. According to the consul, it was understood Captain Muir refused to comply with the order. Whether the vessel was seized and her commander imprisoned, he was unable to say. He did not know why the fine was levied.

AUSTRIAN OFFICIAL STATEMENT
Claims Successes in Battles Which Still Continue in Poland.

Vienna, (via London), March 8.—The following Austrian official statement was issued here tonight:

"In Russian Poland we have obtained several successes in battles which still continue. The enemy was dislodged from several trenches, sustaining heavy losses.

"On the West Galicia front, we have gained similar successes in a brief attack made by our troops.

"In the district near Lupkow pass, (in the Carpathians) the Russians, whose thinned ranks had been strongly reinforced, made desperate attacks yesterday, thrice pushing forward to the vicinity of our positions, only to be shattered in the last rush.

"In another section of the battle front our troops, after repelling Russian attacks, surprised them by a counter attack capturing a strongly fortified height and taking prisoners ten officers and 700 men. On a neighboring height one thousand men were captured.

"In Southeast Galicia a strong hostile cavalry force, which was making an isolated advance against the wing of our positions, suffered a serious reverse."

WORKING OUT BUDGET SYSTEM FOR THE NEXT CONGRESS

President Wilson Already Taking Active Steps.

Washington, March 8.—President Wilson is taking active steps to work out a budget system of government expenditures for submission to the next Congress. Today he conferred with Representative Sherley, chairman of the special budget committee of the Democratic caucus, which will begin framing a programme in October.

Meanwhile the cabinet will work on plans of co-ordinating finances of the various departments.

Muskogee, Okla., March 8. — A receiver for the Tommy Atkins allotment, said to be worth a million dollars, was appointed today by the Federal Court. The government, for the Creek nation, contends the allotment was made to a fictitious person, and that it should be cancelled and the property revert to the Creeks. An oil company has a lease on the land, and is producing 8,000 barrels of oil a day.

Sarasota, Fla., March 8.—Fire of unknown origin early today completely destroyed the Hotel Palms and swept two adjacent business blocks here, entailing a loss of over $100,000. Many guests of the hotel had narrow escapes.

Tampa, Fla., March 8.—Wilbur L. Moorman, of Lynchburg, Va., chess champion of his home state today too last four games of the series for the championship of South Florida with Judge Stephen Trabus, and overcame a three game lead.

FRENCH MILLINERY SHOP.
Opening, Tuesday, March 9th.

RUB-MY-TISM
Will cure your **Rheumatism** Neuralgia, Headaches, Cramps, Colic, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Burns, Old Sores, Stings of Insects Etc. **Antiseptic Anodyne,** used internally and externally. Price 25c.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to wurrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted, "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

FOR SALE — ONE FINE HORSE, FIT for wagon or buggy. Bargain for quick purchaser. Apply "X," care Star. mh9-1t*

A MULTIGRAPH LETTER OR POSTAL looks just like typewriting; cheaper than printing; finest advertising medium procurable. Harriss Typewriting and Adv. Co. mh4,tu,th sa-tf

PRINTING MATERIAL—NEWSPAPER press, type, stones, mailing outfit. A complete plant for eight page modern weekly; most of material never been used. Also modern new series C. & P. Job press, 10x15; paper cutter, type cabinets, shafting, pulley and motor; all new. Cause of Sale—Duplicate plant. Bargain, if moved at once. Address Dan. A. Coble, Public Ledger, Oxford, N. C. mh9-3t

WANTED — THREE OR FOUR FURNISHED or partly furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Central location. Moderate rent. P. O. Box 125, Southport, N. C. mh9-1t*

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for housekeeping, running water, electric lights, gas, use of bath and 'phone, in quiet family. Reference. 814 Orange St. mh9-1t*

INCUBATOR WANTED — TO EXchange, 120 egg Globe machine for 50 or 60 egg. Post Office Box 994. mh9-tu,th-2t*

EGGS — 20c. PER DOZ.; SUGAR CURed Hams, 19c. Breakfast strips, 20c. Table butter, 3 lbs. for $1.00. Chickens. Call 672 and get prices on other goods. Cape Fear Cash Grocery Co. mh9-1t

FOR RENT — ONE NICELY FURnished bed room upstairs. Also one small unfurnished front room. Can be arranged for light housekeeping. Hot and cold water and electric lights. 'Phone 1816-J. 312 Walnut st. mh9-1t*

WARNING — THE PUBLIC IS WARNed that another party claiming to use same process as we are using is in Wilmington soliciting orders for cleaning carpets. He has not the right material, and if your carpets are ruined it is at your own risk. Schmidt & Co., of Brooklyn, N. Y. mh8-6t*

THE FIRM OF LAMB & DICKSEY, No. 18 South Second street, having been dissolved by mutual consent, the business will be continued in future by Lamb & Eilers, and all orders for first-class sanitary plumbing will be given prompt attention. Phone 1925-W. mh 7-7t*

WATER FRONT FOR SALE — SEE Wilder & Metts about this bargain; 270 feet running back 500 feet. Deep Water front. mh7-3t

FOR RENT—HOUSE 18 N. SEVENTH, 8 rooms. All modern conveniences. Possession April 1st. For information apply 108 South Fourth street. mh 7-3t*

NOTICE, CARPENTERS.

The members of Local Union No. 477, Carpenters and Joiners of America, are urgently requested to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, W. J. Hart, this (Tuesday) afternoon at 3:30 from the residence, 508 Queen street.

C. T. BERFOOT, Pres.
W. M. MORRIS, Sec.

FRENCH MILLINERY SHOP.
Opening, Tuesday, March 9th.

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON MAY earn steady income, corresponding for newspapers. Experience unnecessary. Address Press Correspondence Bureau, Washington, D. C. mh7-7t*

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room for one or two gentlemen, with modern conveniences, in private family. Near P. O. 216 No. 2nd st. 'Phone 773. mh7-3t*

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS AND BATH all modern conveniences. House practically new. Possession at once. Use of 'Phone. Telephone 660. 415 Grace street. mh4-tf

SINGLE COMB WHITE LEGHORN Baby Chicks. Hatching eggs guaranteed; fresh eggs for table use. Pine Grove Poultry Farm. Adolph G. Ahrens, Prop.; 'Phone 4312. mh4-tf

BY ORDER OF THE PUBLISHERS — Beginning with issue dated March 7th, the price of the Hearst's Sunday American will be 5 cents per copy. Gordon Brothers; 'Phone 745. mh4-tf

FOR SALE CHEAP—50,000 SHINGLES. J. W. Brooks. fe28-tf

CLEAN-UP WEEK — WHY SPEND the summer swatting the fly when a few gallons of disinfectant will save the trouble. The same product which checked the typhoid epidemic of 1911. Telephone 714-J. National Wood Products Co. mh3-7t

CHARCOAL! — FOR HEATING OR cooking. Better than hard coal and cheaper than wood; $1.75 per load, delivered. Telephone 714-J. National Wood Products Co. mh3-7t

FOR SALE — THE ATTRACTIVE CURrie home at Carolina Heights. Large lot; roomy house. Can arrange loan. This is one of the few desirable homes at this popular suburb on the market today. 'Phone us and we will take pleasure in showing you over the place. James & James, Inc., Southern building; 'Phone 163. fe23-tf

FOR PLUMBING, METAL WORK, HOT air and steam heating. See Capps-Griffith Plumbing Co. Ladies and gentlemen come to see our show room, 109 North Second street. no 25-tf

PANAMA EXPOSITION — IF YOU ARE interested, communicate with Dr. J. H. Foster, 503 Chestnut street, or 'phone 765-J. fe17-tf

D. L. T. CAPPS WISHES TO ANnounce that his new bowling alleys are now ready for business, and special attention will be given to ladies at any and all times. fe16-tf

IF IT IS SUIT CASES AND TRUNKS, see Uncle Charles, berore you buy. No. 6 South Front street, or 'phone 642. ja5-tf

FOR SALE

Two well broken, well-built mare Mules. Will weigh about eleven hundred pounds each.

Apply to

D. L. Gore

Wilmington, N. C.

WE ARE OFFERING

Argo, Breakfast Bell, Piedmont, Supreme and Monogram Flours at Reduced Prices.

Ask your Grocer for These Brands.

Love & Woody
Wholesale Grocers

HOTEL WILMINGTON
European--Modern--Fireproof

One Block From Terminal Station

MOST OF THEM ARE USING IT NOW

Special Business Men's Lunch In Cafe
Served From 12 to 2:30 p. m.
—50c—

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK
SECURITY
4%
SERVICE
WILMINGTON, N. C.

ATLANTIC TRUST & BANKING COMPANY
FRONT AND MARKET STS., WILMINGTON, N. C.

JOINT TRUSTEESHIPS

Some people hesitate to appoint a corporate executor rather than a trusted representative of the estate.

To meet this contingency THIS INSTITUTION is prepared to act JOINTLY with an individual in trust matters.

This affords several distinct advantages. Come in and talk it over.

The Bank at Front and Market Streets.

The New Murchison Building
A MODEL OFFICE BUILDING

Absolutely fireproof
All outside rooms
Three fast elevators
Day and Night Elevator service
Efficient Janitor service
Every modern office facility
Burglary protection
Very reasonable rents

The Renting Agent in room No. 315 will be glad to figure your office requirements with you, and show you over this splendid office building.

A. D. S. "Sekarstwo ne Zaziebienie i Grype"

This is not war news from Poland, but is the kind of noise the Poles make when they want a package of A. D. S. Cold and Grippe Tables.

You don't have to say it, in fact; please don't; just call 55, say you have a cold, and we will send you a package quick.

1880 **Hardin's Pharmacy** 1915
126 SOUTH FRONT STREET
(We have received our New Stock Vegetable and Flower Seeds.)

ANNOUNCEMENT

We wish to announce that our catalogs for "Spring Goods" have been thoroughly revised, and the Best Prices Obtainable can be had from us, by purchasing your "Spring Goods" before it is too late—when prices have advanced.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO
WHOLESALE HARDWARE
Wilmington, N. C.

Fine Pictures

We have just received a fine line of David Davidson's

PLATINUM PRINTS
(unframed)
These make beautiful

EASTER PRESENTS

Picture Framing a Specialty
Frames of All Sizes
Made to Order Promptly.

C. W. YATES & CO.
Wilmington, N. C.

Dr. Arnold Stovall
Announces the Opening of His Office —for the— General Practice of Medicine.
Office 'Phone: 973
Residence " 1276
Office, 212-213 Murchison Bldg.
Residence, Seventeenth and Market.

Fertilizers 1915

Cooper's Reward (C. S. M.)	8-2-2
Cooper's Waccamaw	8-3-3
Cooper's Sterling Complete	8-2-2
Cooper's Bald Head Island	8-2-2
Cooper's Recorder	9.17-2-2
Cooper's Crusoe	8-2½-2
Cooper's Swamp Fox	8-3-2½
Cooper's Lenox	8-3-3
Cooper's Sunset (C. S. M.)	8-3-3
Cooper's Clifford (For Tobacco.)	8-3-3
Cooper's Horse (C. S. M.)	8-4-4
Cooper's Helmar	8-4-4

We ship promptly. For prices and terms, come to see us, or see our agent nearest you.

Cooper Guano Company
WILMINGTON, N. C.

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